High School RELEARN!

Student's Book







Grade

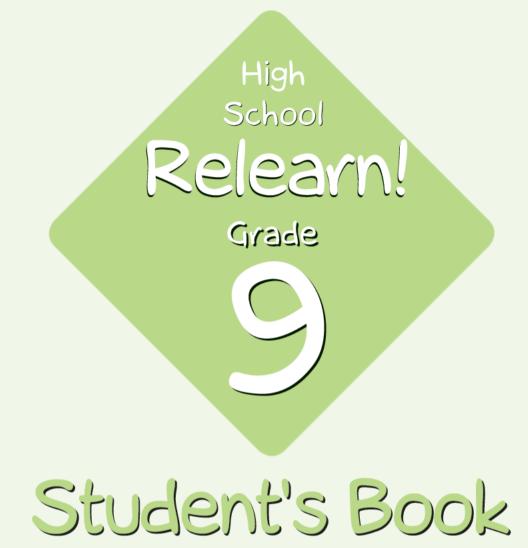








Pasifik Yayınları



Lamia KARAMİL Evrim BİRİNCİOĞLU KALDAR

Bu kitap, Millî Eğitim Bakanlığı Talim ve Terbiye Kurulu Başkanlığının **18.04.2019** tarihli ve **8** sayılı (ekli listenin 132'nci sırasında) kurul kararı ile **2019-2020** Öğretim Yılından itibaren **5** (beş) yıl süreyle ders kitabı olarak kabul edilmiştir.



Mutlukent Mah. Binsesin Sitesi 1979. Cad. No: 6 Ümitköy - Çankaya / ANKARA Tel: (0312) 395 98 43 (Pbx) Belgeç: (0312) 395 98 47 İnternet: www.pasifikyayin.com.tr E-posta: pasifik@pasifikyayin.com.tr Her hakkı saklıdır ve Pasifik Grup Yayıncılık Bilişim Teknoloji Eğitim San. ve Tic. A.Ş. ne aittir. Kitabın metin, soru ve şekilleri kısmen de olsa hiçbir surette alınıp yayımlanamaz.

GÖRSEL TASARIM Serkan AVCI

ISBN: 978-605-5923-32-7

Yayıncı Sertifika No: 21985

Baskı, Cilt: Özgün Matbaacılık San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Gazi Mahallesi Özgün Caddesi No: 4 Temelli - Sincan / ANKARA Tel: 0 (312) 645 19 10 (Pbx) Belgeç: 0 (312) 645 19 19 Matbaa Sertifika No.: 44327

Ankara, 2019



İSTİKLÂL MARŞI

Korkma, sönmez bu şafaklarda yüzen al sancak; Sönmeden yurdumun üstünde tüten en son ocak. O benim milletimin yıldızıdır, parlayacak; O benimdir, o benim milletimindir ancak.

Çatma, kurban olayım, çehreni ey nazlı hilâl! Kahraman ırkıma bir gül! Ne bu şiddet, bu celâl? Sana olmaz dökülen kanlarımız sonra helâl. Hakkıdır Hakk'a tapan milletimin istiklâl.

Ben ezelden beridir hür yaşadım, hür yaşarım. Hangi çılgın bana zincir vuracakmış? Şaşarım! Kükremiş sel gibiyim, bendimi çiğner, aşarım. Yırtarım dağları, enginlere sığmam, taşarım.

Garbın âfâkını sarmışsa çelik zırhlı duvar, Benim iman dolu göğsüm gibi serhaddim var. Ulusun, korkma! Nasıl böyle bir imanı boğar, Medeniyyet dediğin tek dişi kalmış canavar?

Arkadaş, yurduma alçakları uğratma sakın; Siper et gövdeni, dursun bu hayâsızca akın. Doğacaktır sana va'dettiği günler Hakk'ın; Kim bilir, belki yarın, belki yarından da yakın. Bastığın yerleri toprak diyerek geçme, tanı: Düşün altındaki binlerce kefensiz yatanı. Sen şehit oğlusun, incitme, yazıktır, atanı: Verme, dünyaları alsan da bu cennet vatanı.

Kim bu cennet vatanın uğruna olmaz ki feda? Şüheda fışkıracak toprağı sıksan, şüheda! Cânı, cânânı, bütün varımı alsın da Huda, Etmesin tek vatanımdan beni dünyada cüda.

Ruhumun senden İlâhî, şudur ancak emeli: Değmesin mabedimin göğsüne nâmahrem eli. Bu ezanlar -ki şehadetleri dinin temeli-Ebedî yurdumun üstünde benim inlemeli.

O zaman vecd ile bin secde eder -varsa- taşım, Her cerîhamdan İlâhî, boşanıp kanlı yaşım, Fışkırır ruh-ı mücerret gibi yerden na'şım; O zaman yükselerek arşa değer belki başım.

Dalgalan sen de şafaklar gibi ey şanlı hilâl! Olsun artık dökülen kanlarımın hepsi helâl. Ebediyyen sana yok, ırkıma yok izmihlâl; Hakkıdır hür yaşamış bayrağımın hürriyyet; Hakkıdır Hakk'a tapan milletimin istiklâl!

Mehmet Âkif Ersoy

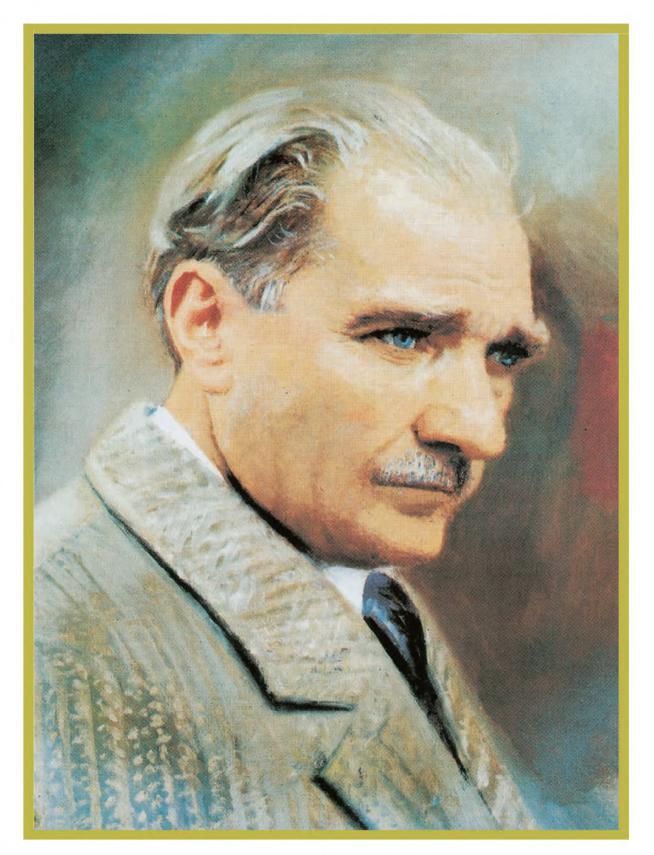
GENÇLİĞE HİTABE

Ey Türk gençliği! Birinci vazifen, Türk istiklâlini, Türk Cumhuriyetini, ilelebet muhafaza ve müdafaa etmektir.

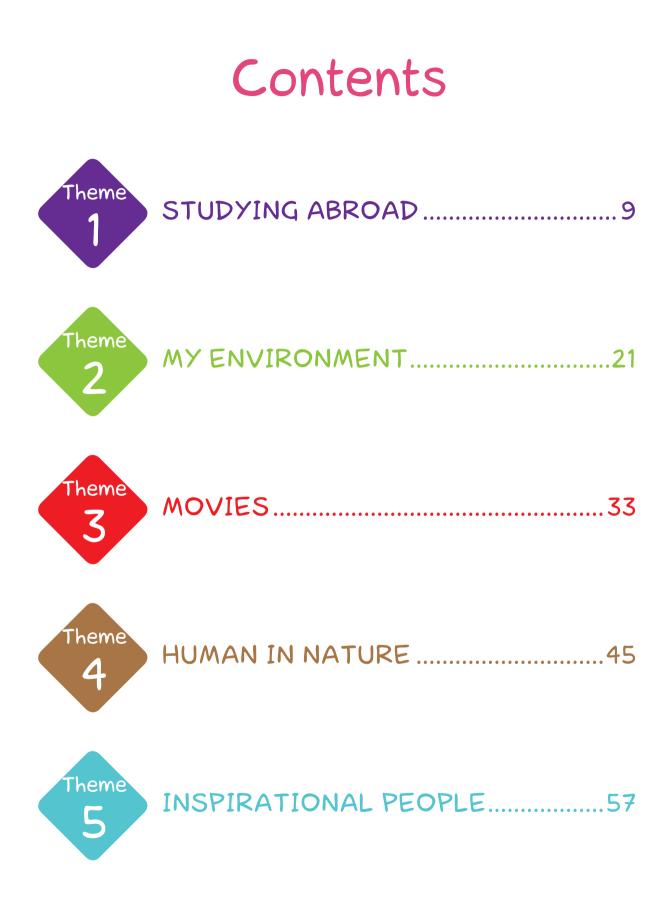
Mevcudiyetinin ve istikbalinin yegâne temeli budur. Bu temel, senin en kıymetli hazinendir. İstikbalde dahi, seni bu hazineden mahrum etmek isteyecek dâhilî ve hâricî bedhahların olacaktır. Bir gün, istiklâl ve cumhuriyeti müdafaa mecburiyetine düşersen, vazifeye atılmak için, içinde bulunacağın vaziyetin imkân ve şeraitini düşünmeyeceksin! Bu imkân ve şerait, çok namüsait bir mahiyette tezahür edebilir. İstiklâl ve cumhuriyetine kastedecek düşmanlar, bütün dünyada emsali görülmemiş bir galibiyetin mümessili olabilirler. Cebren ve hile ile aziz vatanın bütün kaleleri zapt edilmiş, bütün tersanelerine girilmiş, bütün orduları dağıtılmış ve memleketin her köşesi bilfiil işgal edilmiş olabilir. Bütün bu şeraitten daha elîm ve daha vahim olmak üzere, memleketin dâhilinde iktidara sahip olanlar gaflet ve dalâlet ve hattâ hıyanet içinde bulunabilirler. Hattâ bu iktidar sahipleri şahsî menfaatlerini, müstevlîlerin siyasî emelleriyle tevhit edebilirler. Millet, fakr u zaruret içinde harap ve bîtap düşmüş olabilir.

Ey Türk istikbalinin evlâdı! İşte, bu ahval ve şerait içinde dahi vazifen, Türk istiklâl ve cumhuriyetini kurtarmaktır. Muhtaç olduğun kudret, damarlarındaki asil kanda mevcuttur.

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk



MUSTAFA KEMAL ATATÜRK



WORD LIST	
IRREGULAR VERBS	
BIBLIOGRAPHY	
BIBLIOGRAPHY (WEBSIT	ES)135
VISUAL BIBLIOGRAPHY	









Theme

Organisation Chart

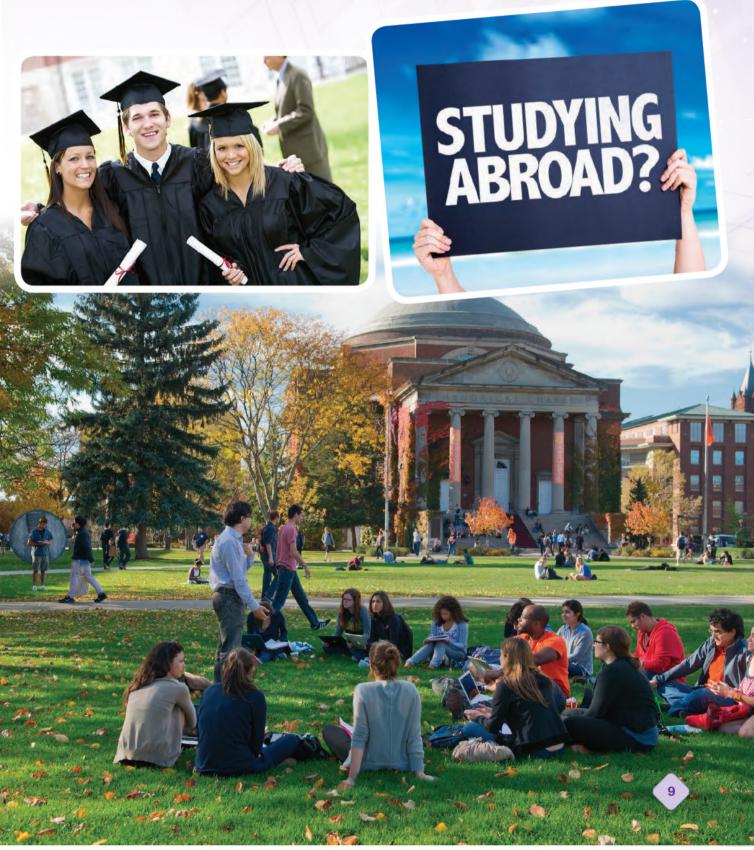


ICONS **Pronunciation Time** Warm Up Time Listening **Listening Time Poem Time** Writing **Speaking Time Idiom Time** Speaking **Reading Time Proverb Time** Reading Writing Time Self Assessment Answer the questions / **Song Time** True or False

THEME ONE STUDYING ABROAD

yurtdışı, vurtdisinda

YURTDIŞINDA OKUMA





STUDYING ABROAD

Listening Time

2. Answer: How often do you meet new people? Where do you usually meet new people?



	FUTURE JOB	COUNTRY	LANGUAGES	NATIONALITY
Anna	fashion designer	France	English- French	French
Clara	lawyer	Italy	English-Italian	Italian





Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1. Where is Clara's sister-in-law from?
- 2. What does Anna's mother do?
- 3. Has Anna got any brothers or sisters?
- 4. Has Clara got a pet?

Speaking Time

5. Read the example and introduce yourself and your family members to your friends. Use the questions below as clues.

My name is Mihriban.

What is your name?

I live in Istanbul. Where do you live?

How old are they?

They are doctors. What do your parents do?

> I have a dog. Have you got a pet?

One brother and two sisters. Have you got any brothers or sisters?

e.g.

My name is Ali Özkan. I'm from Turkey and I live in İzmir. I'm 16 years old. I've got a sister. She is 13 years old. My parents are doctors. I've got a big family. My grandfather is dead. My grandmother is a retired teacher. She is 70 years old and she's got a dog and a cat. My grandmother, my uncle, aunt and cousins live in Rize.

Every Family Has A Story. Welcome To Ours.

She is from Spain.

She is a nurse.

No. she hasn't. Yes, she has got a pet / a cat.

I am from Hatay.

Where are you from?

I am fifteen.

How old are you?

Turkish, English, German and French. Which languages can you speak?

My father is 40, my mum is 39.

How old are your parents?

Yes, I do. My grandparents are retired. My aunts are teacher and doctor. My uncles are teachers. Do you have grandparents, aunts and uncles? What do they do?



STUDYING ABROAD

Reading Time

- 6. Answer: Would you like to work abroad? Why/Why not? Yes, I would. I like traveling around the world and I want to learn about different cultures.
- Read the dialogue and answer the question: When will Angela leave the 7. country?

Angela: Hey, Diana! Long time no see!
Diana : Hi, Angela! What are you doing?
Angela: Well, I live in Greece. I got married and moved there.
Diana : Really? Is your husband Greek?
Angela: No, he is French. He is a diplomat.
Diana : What do you do there?
Angela: I'm an engineer. How do you earn your life?
Diana : l'm a taxi driver.
Angela: Good job. Are you married?
Diana : Yes. My husband is Indian. We go to India in winter because it is warm
there.
Angela: That's nice. Oh, Diana, it was great to see you again.
Diana : It was nice seeing you, too. Listen, I have to go now. We should get together
sometime, OK?
Angela: I'll go back to Greece in two weeks. Call me. My number is 642 12 12.
Diana : Thanks. Catch you later.
Angela: Bye.

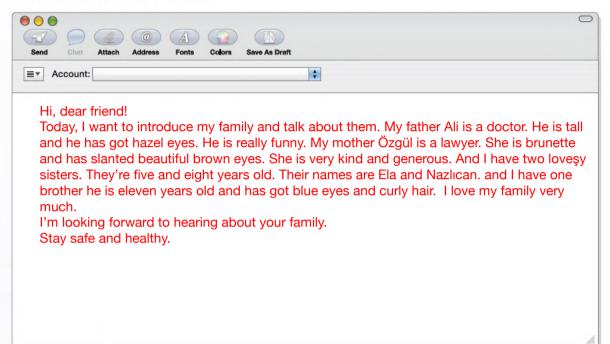


8. Read the dialogue again and write true (T) or false (F).

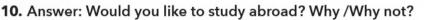
1.	Angela moved to Greece because she found a job there.	(<mark>F</mark>)
2.	Angela's husband is Greek.	(E)
3.	Angela and her husband live in Greece.	(Ţ)
4.	Diana lives in India for some time every year.	(. <mark></mark> .)
5.	Angela and Diana usually get together.	(. .)
6.	Angela's husband works as a diplomat.	(. .)
7.	Diana's husband is a taxi driver.	(.)

Writing Time

9. Write an e-mail to a pen friend and introduce yourself. Give information about your family and your possessions.



Listening Time



Yes, I would. I like traveling around the world and I want to learn about



different cultures. 11. Listen to the dialogue. Put a tick (✔) for each greeting or conversation sentence in the table on the next page.



STUDYING ABROAD

	Greetings	Conversation sentences
Hey!	Х	
What's up?		X
How old are you?	X	
What's the weather like?		X
Is there a chemist's around here?		Х
Pleased to meet you!	X	



12. Listen again. Read the sentences and write true (T) or false (F).

1.	. Haruki meets Amy for the first time.	(. <mark>.</mark>)
2.	2. Amy is new at school.	(<mark>.</mark>)
3.	8. Haruki is from the USA.	()
4.	I. Haruki doesn't like the weather in the USA.	(. <mark>.</mark>)
5.	5. Haruki doesn't know where the student centre is.	(<mark>T</mark>)

Speaking Time

on the next page. Then, practise similar dialogues with your friends.

- Jack, please meet Nicolas.
- Meet my ...
- Leila, this is Barbara. Barbara, this is Leila.
- This is ...
- I am ...

- Nice to meet you.
- Pleased to meet you.
- Happy to meet you.
- How do you do?

- Not much.
- I'm good.
- Just fine.
- I'm a teacher/ gardener / doctor, etc.

David:	Hey, Steve! This is Jen, my neighbour. And my cousin, John.	
Steve:	Hi, Jen! Hi, John! Nice to meet you!	
Jen:	Hi!	
David:	How is it going Steve?	
Steve:	How many cousins have you got, David?	
David:	and we all live here, in London.	
Steve:	You're lucky. I've got no cousins.	

Michael: Tom! Long time no see. Tom: That's right, Michael. I haven't seen you for a long time. What's up? Michael: _____ my wife. She is Turkish. Selma: Hi! Selma. Tom: . What do you do Selma? Selma: I am a student at Cambridge University. Where do your family live? Tom: Selma: They live in Turkey.

Pronunciation Time



14. Listen and circle the correct form you hear.

- 1. Hi, how are you?
 - I am / 'm good, thanks.
- 2. This is my friend Carl. He is / 's a policeman.
- 3. He has / 's got five sisters.
- 4. What is / 's up?
 - Not much.
- 5. We are / 're from the same country.
- 6. | have / 've got no brothers.
- 7. How old is she?
 - She is / 's seventeen.
- 8. It is / 's nice to meet you.
- 9. It is / 's not far. Go down this street.
- 10. | have / 've got two brothers and one sister.

STUDYING ABROAD

Speaking Time

15. Read the clues in the boxes. Work in pairs to ask for and give simple directions.

Excuse me! Is there a bank around here? How can I get to the supermarket? I'm looking for this address. Where is the park? Excuse me, do you know where the post office is?

Yes, first of all go ahead and take the second road on the left. It's not far, go down this street and turn left. Go ahead and you will find it. It's this way. Take this road.



Reading Time



16. Answer: When do we send postcards to our friends/relatives, etc.? We send postcards to our friends or relatives on special days like Christmas or religious festivals. We also send postcards when we're on a holiday, travel or on a trip.



17. Read the postcard on the next page and answer: What does Amy do in Cambridge?

She is studying in Cambridge.



Dear mum and dad,

I'm having a great time here in Cambridge. It is an old town, but I like it. The university is so big and fascinating. It has about 20,000 students. I've got a lot of good friends from different parts of the world. My best friend comes from India.

It is cool and rainy most days. I hope it doesn't rain tomorrow because we're going to watch the Oxford and Cambridge boat race. I'm very excited.

I love you and miss you very much.

Love,

Amy xxx

To:Sue & Brad Brown 22 Garden Street Orlando, Florida, USA

18. Answer the questions.

- How do you start a postcard? You start writing a postcard by greeting the recipient.
- 2. What do you write about?

You write about your travel or the favorite day of your trip. Or else you can write a postcard to celebrate special days.

 How do you finish your postcard? You finish your postcard by sending best wishes.

Writing Time

19. Imagine you are a student abroad. Write a postcard to your parents.

Dear mum and dad. I'm having an amazing time here in Oxford. It is an old but lovely town. The university of Oxford is the oldest university in the English-speaking world. The teachers are experienced and very friendly. It has about 23, 000 students. I've a lot of friends from different countries. My best friend comes from Canada.

It is mostly cool and rainy. I wish it doesn't rain at the weekend because we're going on a city tour by a open-top bus.

- I love you all,
 - Stay safe and healthy,

Lots of love Mihri xxx

STUDYING ABROAD

Listening Time

Alışverişe biriyle gitmeyi mi yoksa you like going shopping alone or with someone? seversiniz?



21. Listen to the dialogue and answer: Do Miki and Sakiko often meet?



22. Listen again and complete the missing parts.



- Miki and Sakiko meet at a <u>clothes shop</u>.
 Sakiko is learning <u>English</u>.
 Music Hubble Hubb
 - 3. Miki is going to study ______ at the University of London.
 - 4. Sakiko will go to college ______next year
 - 5. Miki and Sakiko choose the same _____jacket

Speaking Time

23. Read the roles and the sample dialogue. Then, work in pairs. Ask and answer questions.

Student A

Your friend will go abroad. Ask questions to him/her about the personal belongings in his/her suitcase.

Student B

You will go abroad to take an English course and your suitcase is ready. Answer your friend's questions.

e.g.

- A: Have you got any towels in your suitcase?
- B: No, I haven't got any towels.
- A: How many shirts have you got?
- B: I've got five shirts.
- A: Is there a sweater?
- B: Yes, there is one.

Poem Time

24. Read the poem. Şiiri oku.

Friends For Life We are friends. I've got your back, And you have mine. I'll help you out Anytime! To see you hurt, To see you cry, Makes me weep And want to die. If you agree To never fight, It wouldn't matter Who's wrong or right. If a broken heart Needs a mend, I'll be right there Till the end. If your cheeks are wet From drops of tears, Don't worry,

by Angelica N. Brissett

Idiom Time Deyim Zamanı

How do you do? Nasilsiniz? / Ne var ne yok?

When you meet someone for the first time, you say "How do you do?".e.g.Biriyle ilk kez tanıştığınızda "Nasılsınız" dersiniz.

Sally:Hello. How do you do?Bob:How do you do?Mary:How do you do? So glad to meet you,Tom.Tom:Thank you. How are you?Mary:Just fine.

Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	I haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	l understand and l can do this by myself.
Meeting new people and introducing oneself and family			√
Talking about possessions			√
Asking for and giving directions		\checkmark	

THEME TWO cevre MY ENVIRONMENT



Warm Up Time



1. What do we call these shops in the photos? Write the correct names in the box. Then, answer: What can you buy from them? Write 3 things.

Baker's - Butcher's - Chemist's - Newsagent





Newsagent			
1. newspapers			
2. magazines			
3. postcards			

	Butcher
1	meat
2	chicken
3	sausages



Chemist's

- 1. medicine
- 2. cosmetics / shampoos
- 3. toothbrush





MY ENVIRONMENT

Listening Time



- 2. Answer: Would you like to live in a city or a town? Why? I'd like to live in a town because it's more peaceful.
 - Which places are there in Matthew's town? Watch or listen to the dialogue and tick (√).



shopping mall	()	hospital	(.√.)	newsagent	(.√.)	cinema	(.√.)
grocery store	(. √)	baker's	(butcher's	(restaurant	()
café	()	supermarket	()	library	()	clothes shop	(. 🖌)





4. Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1. Who lives in the city centre, Alice or Matthew? Alice lives in the city centre.
- 2. Who likes quiet places? Matthew likes quiet places.
- 3. Is there a shopping mall in Matthew's town? No, there isn't.
- 4. What does Alice do at the weekend? She usually goes to the cinema at the weekend.
- 5. What does Matthew do at the weekend? Matthew goes to the riverside and has a picnic there.

Speaking Time



5. Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions, describe and compare your environments.

Sample questions and sentences:

Where do you live? Why do you live there?

Is there a ... in your neighbourhood? Are there a lot of shops /parks /cinemas in your neighbourhood?

I live in the countryside because life is easier there. The food is better than (it is in) cities.

You can buy the best homemade cakes around. Life is more beautiful in cities.

We watch the latest movies.

Reading Time

6. Answer: What kind of places are there in your street?

The 7. Read

There is a market and a grocery in our street. Read the text on the next page and answer: Is there traffic in the Castle Street?



MY ENVIRONMENT

Our town is older and more beautiful than the neighbouring towns. There is a square in the town centre. It's called Market Square because there is a market there every morning. Once a year there is a folk festival in Market Square, too.

The statue is the symbol of the square. It stands in the middle of a pond and people throw coins in that pond. It is the statue of the last mayor of the town. Everyone liked him very much because he treated townspeople fairly and equally. When you look at the apartment buildings in the square, you would like to live in one of them. They are famous for the best view in the town.

At the end of the square, there is a museum. There are old photographs of the town in it. All the shops and houses were smaller than they look now. There weren't any restaurants in the square then, but now there are some great restaurants. Opposite the restaurants, there is a theatre, a bookshop and a hairdresser's. The Opera House is on the corner of the square. Next to the Opera House, there is a hotel and behind them, there is a car park in the Castle Street. Castle Street is a pedestrian street with a lot of shops; music shops, clothes shops and shoe shops. When you turn right from Castle Street, you will see the park between the train station and the bus station.

?

• Read the text again and answer these questions.

- Why is the square called the Market Square?
 Because there is a market there.
- How often is there a market there? There is a market there every morning.

3. Why is the statue the symbol of the square? Because the statue is in the middle of a pond and people throw coins in that pond./ Because it is the statue of the last mayor of the town and everyone. liked him very much

- him very much.
 4. Why would people like to live in the apartment buildings in the square?
 Because they are famous for the best view in the town.
- 5. Were the houses and shops in the square smaller or bigger in the past? They were smaller in the past.
- 6. Where is the car park? It is in the Castle Street. / It is behind the hotel and the Opera House.

Idiom Time

all over town: in, across or to many places in a city or town

e.g.

- 1. We drove all over town last night and couldn't see an open parking space.
- 2. News of her crime was all over town by the end of the day.

Writing Time



9. Describe and compare your environment with another one in simple sentences.

e.g.

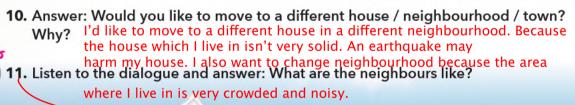
I like living in my town because it is a calm, neat place and people are friendly. There is a school, a mosque and a park in the town centre. You can find a big market, too. The nearest town is noisier and dirtier. There are a lot of shops, cars and people there. People don't know each other. It is more difficult to live there.

I like living in my city. Although it is very crowded, it is also prosperous place and I have the opportunity to meet many friends. You can find what you want to buy easily. But there can be lots of noise in the city because it is very crowded and

many people use cars. Therefore, the air in the city is not very clean.

.....

Listening Time



11- The friends are friendlier and more helpful.

MY ENVIRONMENT





12. Listen again and write true (T) or false (F).

1. Anna and her family are moving to a new town.	(. .)
2. There is a big mall in the neighbourhood.	(բ .)
3. The shops in London are more expensive.	()
4. The house has a cellar.	(. .)
5. Anna's bedroom is small.	(. <mark>.F</mark> .)

13. Listen again and make a note of the words/phrases that tell location/direction.

a	in	b. around the corner
с.	next to	d. opposite
e.	turn right	f. drive ahead
g.	drive along	h. <u>turn left</u>

Speaking Time

14. What do you have in your room? Read the sample sentences and describe it to your friends.

e.g.

ack,

There are two beds in my room. There is a bedside table between the beds.

I've got a wardrobe next to the door.

There is one bed in my room. There is a table opposite my bed and a chair in front of it. There is a wardrobe next to the table.

Reading Time

15. Answer: Are there any parks or gardens in your neighbourhood? Yes, there is one park in our neighbourhood.

16. Read the first and the last sentence of every paragraph in the e-mail and answer: What is the e-mail about?

Dear Richy,

Love, Paula

I'm writing this mail <u>in</u> my hotel room. It overlooks a calm lake. The fabulous hotel is <u>on</u> a grassy green hillside and the view <u>from</u> my window is fantastic. When I come here, I relax and get a lot of sunshine . There are a lot of guests <u>in</u> the hotel. We all enjoy the blue sky and the bright sun.

There are beautiful parks and gardens <u>around</u> the hotel. Some guests have day-trips <u>in</u> the countryside.

The weather was very nice for the past 5 days, but this morning it is raining very hard and a strong wind is a big problem <u>for</u> the small boats <u>on</u> the lake. So, unfortunately I have to spend a lot of time indoors and of course, I wouldn't like to do it. The hotel has an indoor swimming pool and a gym. I think I'll join the fitness classes there this afternoon. I hope it stops raining soon.

I'm looking forward to hearing about your holiday. Are you enjoying yourself? Is the scenery beautiful <u>around / from</u> your hotel? Well, see you <u>in</u> a few weeks.



17. Fill in the blanks in the e-mail with suitable prepositions as in the example.

18. Read the text again and write answers to these questions in your notebook.

- **1.** Is the hotel at the seaside? No, it isn't.
- 2. Why does Paula go to this hotel? Because she relaxes and gets a lot of sunshine there.
- 3. Why will Paula join the fitness classes in the gym?Because it is raining and she has to spend time indoors.
- **4.** What is Richy doing? **Richy is having a holiday**.

MY ENVIRONMENT

Speaking Time



19. Work in pairs. Talk to your friend and compare people, places and objects in or around your house.

e.g.

My next door neighbour is more social than me, so she takes me to different places.

There is a new clothes store in my street. It is cheaper than the previous one.

I've got a new laptop. It is lighter and more powerful than my old laptop.

The electronic store on the corner is the biggest in the city.

Pronunciation Time

20. Listen and repeat the words in Part A and notice the /i/ and /i:/ sounds. Read Part B yourself and write the sounds in paranthesis. Then, listen to Part B and check your pronunciation.

beat seat cheap feet green eat steal heal	
	/i:/
bit sit chip fit grin it still hill	/1/

Writing Time

e.g.

21. Fill in the chart on the next page comparing the cities in Turkey or in different countries.

Cities	İstanbul	Ankara	Mersin
General	İstanbul is the most beautiful city in Turkey.	Ankara is more important than all the other cities.	Mersin is more modern than Ağrı.
Weather	İstanbul is warmer than Ankara.	Ankara is the coldest of the three cities.	Mersin has got the best weather.
Population	İstanbul is the most crowded city in Turkey.	Ankara is more crowded than Mersin.	Mersin is less crowded than Ankara.
Grocery	The food is the most expensive in İstanbul.	Ankara is more expensive than Mersin.	Mersin has the freshest and the cheapest food.

Cities	Adana	Ankara	Hatay
General	Adana is a big and crowded city.	Ankara is the capital of Turkey.	Hatay is on the southern border of the country.
Weather	very hot in summers.	usually cold	usually hot
Population	2 million	5.4 million	1.6 million
Grocery	Food is very variable and not expensive.	Food is expensive an not very variable.	d Food is the best in quality and variety and not too expensive.

Listening Time

22. Answer: What do you do if you don't know an address?

23. Listen to the information about directions in the dialogues. Find the bookshop, café and the cinema on the chart.

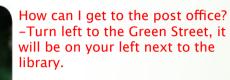


MY ENVIRONMENT

Speaking Time

24. Work in pairs. Look at the chart in part 23 again. Ask and answer to locate the statue and the fountain and ask for the directions to the post office, theatre and the bus station. Use the clues. The fountain is opposite the post office.

The statue is in the middle of the Bond Street.



Can you please tell me how I can get to the theatre? -Go along the Bond Street, turn left to the King Street, it will be on your left, opposite the police office.

I'm trying to get to the bus station. Can you help me? -Of course. Go along the Bond Street. Turn right to the King Street. Go along the street, it will be on your left, opposite the Italian Restaurant.

e.g. A: How can I get to the Italian Restaurant?
B: Go ahead. Cross Green Street.
Turn right into King's Road. It is on the right opposite the bus station.

Can you please tell me how I **can get to** Oxford Street? Where is the **nearest** supermarket? **How can I go to** the local market? I'm trying to **get to** Downing Street. **Go straight on** till you see the hospital, then turn left. **Turn right** at the end of the road and my house is number 67. **Take the third road on the right** and you will see the post office on the right. **Take the second road on the left** and you will see the hospital straight ahead. The hospital is **opposite** the railway station. The shop is **near** the hospital. The house is **next to** the local cricket ground. The shop is **between** the chemist and the cinema. **At the end of** the road you will see a roundabout.

Song Time

25. Listen and sing the song.

You've Got a Friend In Me from "Toy Story" You've got a friend in me, You've got a friend in me.

When the road looks rough ahead And you're miles and miles from your nice warm bed, You just remember what your old pal said:

Boy, you've got a friend in me, Yeah, you've got a friend in me.

> You've got a friend in me, You've got a friend in me.

You've got troubles and I've got 'em too, There isn't anything I wouldn't do for you. We stick together and see it through

'Cause you've got a friend in me. You've got a friend in me.

Idiom Time

go downtown: to go to the central part of the city

e.g.

Let's have dinner at home first. Then, we can go downtown.

Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	I haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	I understand and I can do this by myself.
Talking about locations of things			5
Asking about and describing			
neighbourhood			N (
Making comparisons			✓

THEMIE THREE film, sinema filmi<u>MOVIES</u>



10

012398

并并并并



N

ω

9

00

TICKET

TTOT

TICKET

ŀ

ADMIT ONE



0123

0





Listening Time

2. Answer: How often do you watch films?
 I watch films twice a week.
 3. Listen to the dialogue and complete the table .



Likes	adventure films, sports	watching a good film, reading a book, sports
Dislikes	arts	watching TV, being late
Free Time Activities	watching a film, hiking	marbling, hiking
Preferences	science fiction to dramas	romantic comedies



4. Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1. What does Joseph do in his free time?
- 2. What does Lauren prefer watching?
- Why doesn't Lauren like watching TV?
- 4. What sports does Lauren do?
- 5. Who hikes every Sunday?
- 6. Who has got the Star Wars premiere tickets?

1-He watches films.

2-She prefers watching romantic comedies.
3-Because she thinks most programmes are boring.
4-She does pilates and goes for a walk.
5-Joseph.
6-Lauren.







5. Listen to the dialogue again. Read the situations in the first table. Choose suitable sentences for each of them in the second table and write.

1. You want to invite your friend somewhere.	a, d, g	
2. You accept an invitation.	c, i	
3. You refuse an invitation.	e, j	
4. You want to say your opinions.	b, f, h	
a. Would you like to come?		
b. I believe		
c. That sounds great!		
d. Are you in the mood for a tonight?		
e. I'd love to, but I have other plans.		
f. I think		
g. How about coming with me?	Student A: I am bored.	
h. I guess	Student B: How about coming with	me
i. I'd love to do that.	Reading Club Meeting? Student A: Where?	_
j. I'm afraid I can't	Student B: At the library. Student A: Let's go there.	

Speaking Time

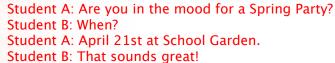


6. Work in pairs. Look at the posters below and make dialogues to go to a movie. Use the sentences in part 5 to invite, accept or refuse the invitation. Ask and tell the time and the date.

Student A: Would you like to come to Star Wars 7 in February 8 at Central Odean Cinema? Student B: I'm afraid I can't. I have other plans.

36









Reading Time



7. Answer: Do you prefer to watch films at home or at the cinema? Why? I prefer watching at home because I feel more comfortable.

8. Read the film reviews on a blog and answer: Which film's story doesn't come from a novel? Skyfall's story doesn't come from a novel.

The Chronicles of Narnia: The Voyage of the Dawn Treader

Director: Michael Apted

Stars: Ben Barnes, Skandar Keynes, Georgie Henley, Will Poulter

The Chronicles of Narnia is a series of fantasy films. It is about the adventures of children in the world of Narnia and a wise and powerful lion, Aslan. Aslan can speak and is the true king of Narnia.

Lucy and Edmund Pevensie return to Narnia with their cousin Eustace and there, they meet up with Prince Caspian. They have a trip across the sea on the royal ship, The Dawn Treader. The film is based on a novel written by C. S. Lewis.

The film is full of interesting experiences. I enjoyed watching it. I guess teenagers will like it, too. Point: 7 out of 10.

(113 minutes)

Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone

Director: Chris Columbus

Stars: Daniel Radcliffe, Rupert Grint, Richard Harris, Maggie Smith

In the plot, Harry Potter, a young wizard, discovers his magical skills in his first year at the Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry. When Harry is one year old, the most evil wizard kills Harry's parents, and then he tries to kill Harry. He tries to curse him, too, but the curse doesn't work on Harry. Harry has to find out the mystery... It is the first novel in the *Harry Potter* series and J. K. Rowling's novel.

I like this film more than the others because it is the beginning of the series. The subject is very exciting and the characters are so lovely. I think everyone should watch it. Point: 9 out of 10. (152 minutes)

Skyfall

Director: Sam Mendes

Stars: Daniel Craig, Javier Bardem, Judi Dench, Naomie Harris, Ralph Fiennes

Bond is in İstanbul. He runs after a stolen computer. It contains the secret information of NATO agents. He looks for the disk in marketplaces, on the roofs and in a train. The disk is lost, and 007 is lost, too. But later, he is in London and in some of the world's most exotic corners: Shanghai, Macau, Glencoe...

I like James Bond films, but I believe this one is the worst. The story is slow and the actors are not really successful. Only the pictures from İstanbul are fantastic. Point: 4 out of 10 (142 minutes)



- 9. Complete these sentences about part 8.
- 1. <u>Skyfall</u> is a James Bond film.
- 2. <u>Harry Potter</u> is a student at the Hogwarts School of

Witchcraft and Wizardry.

3. The Chronicles of Narnia is the shortest film.

Speaking Time I prefer Harry Potter because I'm really keen on magical and fancy science fiction films.

10. Read part 8 again. Talk to your friends and say which film you would prefer watching and why.

Writing Time

11. Write your opinions about a film on a blog.

e.g.

TITANIC

Type of film: Romantic Film Director: James Cameron Stars: Leonardo DiCaprio, Kate Winslet, Billy Zane, Gloria Stuart

It is a Hollywood blockbuster about a big ship and an iceberg. A rich girl and a poor boy meet on the ship and the film is about them. I think it is an exciting and a beautiful film. And I believe it is the best romantic film.

Speaking Time



12. Talk to your friends about your likes/dislikes, free time activities and hobbies expressing your opinions and preference.

e.g. I like reading books or watching movies in my free time. Watching TV is not my thing. I think it wastes our time.

Music is my hobby. I sing and play the guitar.

I prefer being in nature. I believe it is relaxing so, we must do everything to protect our environment.

I prefer watching romantic comedies rather than war films.

I really like to play chess in my free time because it keeps my brain fresh and ready. I don't like sports because it makes me feel tired.

38



Listening Time

13. Answer: Who do you usually go to the cinema with? 13- I usually go to cinema with my uncle.

14. Listen to the dialogue and reorder the conversation.





- (1) Hello Joy! There's a good film on at the Star Cinema. Let's see it tonight.
- (5) Nightmare on Elm Street.
- (7) Comedy films are not very me. Why don't we watch Ice Age 7, then?
- (**2**) OK. How about seeing it tomorrow afternoon?
- (8) I'd love to watch it with you. When?
- (**11**) See you.
- (6) A horror film! Personally, I prefer to watch a comedy film or an animation.
- (2) I'm sorry, I can't, Thomas, because I have guitar lessons.
- (4) Well, what is the name of the film?
- (9) It'll be out on July 13th.
- (10) No problem. We can wait. See you, Thomas.



15. Listen again and act out a dialogue about making invitations, refusing and accepting it. You can use the clues below.



Pronunciation Time



16. Listen and repeat the words and sentences in part A. Notice / t / and / Ø / sounds. Read and circle the words with /Ø/ sound in part B and then check your pronunciation.

	(
Part A	Part
Thanks.	thin
Thanks for coming.	
tank	mat
There is a water tank over there.	toe
think	thing
Just think about it.	toor
third	tear
I got the third highest score.	thick
Breath	mea
He was out of breath.	nest
tooth	nest
l've got a bad toothache.	true
bath	both
l need a bath.	

Part B
thin
maths
toe
thing
tears
thick
meat
nest
true
both

Note!

To pronounce "th" /Ø/ sound, place the tip of your tongue between your teeth but just blow air through your mouth without vibrating your vocal cords.

Words that have the /Ø/ sound are: thank, think, theraphy, moth, path, etc.



Reading Time

17. Answer: What's your favourite foreign film?

17- It is Lord of the Rings.

 $\square \square$ 18. Read the text and mark the main idea of the film.

- a. Reading poetry makes life more interesting.
- **b.** People should live life to the fullest and do what they want.
 - c. Teaching methods are very important in learning.

The movie Dead Poets Society tells the story of an English teacher, John Keating. He starts teaching at a high school at Welton Academy. It is an elite and a conservative school. Keating surprises his students by his teaching methods, but the head master doesn't like his methods. Keating teaches them the Latin expression "Carpe Diem" which means "Seize the day.". He advises them to live life to the fullest, but not to get themselves into trouble by behaving badly. He also inspires them through his teaching of poetry, shows ways to look at life in a different way and helps them to be individuals.

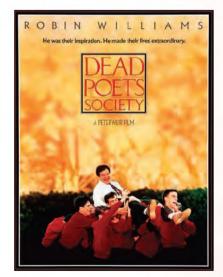
When the students learn that Keating was a member of "Dead Poets Society" when he was at Welton, they restart the club, meet in a cave and read poetry and their own compositions. So, the students begin to learn their potentials. Neil, one of the students, likes acting very much and takes part in a play. When his father learns this, he decides to send him to a military school. Neil commits suicide. The head master investigates the death and forces the students to blame Keating. All of them sign a letter and Keating is fired.

While the head master is teaching English to the students, Keating comes to the classroom to collect his personal things. A student shouts that Keating is not guilty and he says: "O Captain! My Captain!". All the others do the same. Keating is so happy. He thanks the boys and leaves the classroom.

19. Read the text again and write true (T) or false (F).

1. Keating is a film character. (.....) 2. Welton Academy is a modern (.F.) school. 3. Students should behave well while they are doing what (T) they want. 4. Keating was a student at (.T..) Welton Academy. 5. Neil's father wants his son (...**F**..)

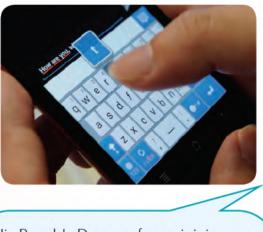
to act in a play.





20. Write a text message to your friend to invite him/her for a movie or an activity.

e.g.



Hi, Ronald. Do you fancy joining me to go to the Midtown Cinema this afternoon? "The Martian" is on at 3.15.

Listening Time

21. Answer: Where can you read the film reviews?

22. What kind of DVDs has Meg got? Listen to the dialogue and tick.

action/adventure	(. 🔨	romantic comedy	(. 🖌	animation	()
love story	(🖌.)	historical	()	musical	()
horror	()	comedy	()	war	()
western	()	science fiction	()	thriller	()



MOVIES



23. Listen again and match the words with their definitions. There is one extra choice.

- e 1. director
 f 2. actor
 b 3. scenario
 a 4. cast
 d 5. award
- **a.** They are the actors and actresses in a play or a movie.
- **b.** This gives the details about the story of the movie, characters and the places.
- **c.** You see this person in films or plays.
- d. Very successful films, actors or directors get this.
- e. This person gives instructions to actors in a film.
- **f.** This person coordinates the writing, directing and financing of the film.

Speaking Time

24. Work in pairs. Look at the film posters below and talk about them. Give your opinions. Use the words, sentences and questions on the next page.



What type of films do you like? What type of film is Ice Age, etc.?					
Do you like?	When is it	on? ac	utors cast		
l like /hate .	director	stars	award		
l thir	nk/suppose/beli	eve / guess	prefer		
Idiom Time gişe	rekortmeni				
Blockbust	A movie that is po	opular and makes a lo	t of money.		
 66 That blockbuster made about 40 million dollars. Titanic is one of the most succesful blockbusters that has ever been made. 99 Self Assessment Read and tick () the right column. 					
	l haven't understood this yet.	l need some help to do this.	l understand and l can do this by myself		
Talking about likes/ dislikes, hobbies and free time activities			✓		
Expressing opinions			✓		
Making preferences			√		
Asking about and telling the time and the date			√		
Inviting and refusing/accepting an invitation			√		

THEME FOUR HUMANI IN NATURE







HUMAN IN NATURE

2- I usually go swimming with my friends.

2. Answer: What do you do during your summer holiday?

3. Listen to the dialogue and answer: What will Betty ask her parents to do? 3-Betty will ask her family to go camping next summer.





4. Listen to the dialogue again and answer these questions.

- 1. What kind of holiday do Kevin and his family have? They are camping.
- 2. How often does Kevin go on holiday?

Once a vear.

3. Where does Betty stay during their holiday? She always stays in a hotel.

4. What does Kevin do on holiday? He wakes up at seven a.m. every morning when they go camping. He walks and swims before breakfast. After the breakfast, he can hike and observe the nature. He likes watching birds and taking their photographs.

5. How often do they buy bottled water?

twice a week

6. What do they usually do in the evening?

They usually sing songs. His mother often tells stories and jokes before they go to their tents to sleep.

7. What kind of problems do they have when they go camping?

If they forget to bring matches, they cannot make a fire. There are lots of mosquitoes. They need some insect repellents. Fresh water is also a problem.



5. What can / cannot they do? Listen again and complete the sentences.

1. Kevin <u>can</u> hike and observe the nature.

2. Kevin's mother <u>**Can**</u> paint beautiful nature scenery.

- 3. They <u>can't</u> eat all the plants.
- 4. Kevin's father <u>Can</u> catch fish.
- 5. They <u>can't</u> see anything in the tent without torches.



Speaking Time



 Work in pairs. Ask and answer about your daily activities and how often you do them.

e.g.

- A I always get up early, have breakfast and come to school in time. I never watch TV on weekdays.
- B What do you usually do at the weekend?
- A I sometimes go trekking.
- B How often do you go trekking?
- A Once a week. What do you do every day?
- **B** After I do my homework, I play table tennis with my brother every day. We have a match at school twice a week, etc.

Writing Time

7. Write about your friend's daily activities and how often he/she does them.

She goes to cinema once a week. She never watches TV on Sunday nights. She goes trekking twice a week with her friends. She plays basketball every Thursday with her sister.

HUMAN IN NATURE

Idiom Time Deyim Zamanı

(get, go, etc.) back to nature: return to simple kind of life in the country, away from cities and technology Doğaya dönüş

e.g.

- Did you enjoy your camping trip?
- Well, not really. Getting back to nature isn't really my thing. I prefer to stay in a luxury hotel.

Pronunciation Time

8. Listen and repeat the pronunciation of /s/ at the end of verbs in third person in part A. Read the verbs in part B yourself and write the sound. Then, listen and check your pronunciation.

Note!

- /s/ meets, asks, starts
- /z/ moves, goes, tells
- /ız/ practises, touches, fixes

PART A		
/ s / sound	/ z / sound	/ ız / sound
likes	drives	freezes
hates	ends	amazes
stops	rides	kisses
sleeps	falls	passes
writes	runs	teaches
cooks	sings	changes
walks	dreams	wishes

ALL ALL D		ART B					
	receives	/ <mark>Z</mark> ./	keeps	/ <mark>S</mark> /	measures	/ Z ./	
	watches	/. <mark></mark> /	plays	/ <mark>Z</mark> ./	drinks	/ <mark>S</mark> _/	
	calls	/ Z /	works	/. <mark>.S</mark> /	finishes	/ <mark>IZ</mark> /	
1	catches	/ IZ /	speaks	/ <mark>S</mark> /	closes	/ <mark>I.Z</mark> ./	
							•

Reading Time

9. Answer: Are abilities important for success? Why / Why not?
 9-Abilities are not important for success because if we try hard, we can improve our abilities and be successful.
 10. Read the text quickly and answer these questions.

a) What does Natasha Demkina claim?

Natasha Demkina claims that she can see through people's skin and their organs

- b) What can Master Zhou do?
 - Master Zhou can heat things with his bare hands.
- c) What can Wim Hof do?

Wim Hof can stay in an ice bath and run marathons over snow barefoot and climb the top of Klimanjaro in shorts.





Are people born with different abilities?

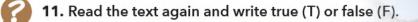
Yes, all people are born with different abilities. But, about 99% of them never come to know the best of their abilities. Some people are born with high IQ. But IQ alone can't be a measure of success in life. Some people study hard, pass exams or practise a lot and then, they get what they really want to do in life. Well known scientists, sportspeople, artists or movie stars always work hard.

Everyone can't become great because they don't have the same chances in their lives. Some of them discover their abilities and improve their luck. Stephen Hawking is a prime example of somebody who was born with disability. He chose to work in the field of Physics and became very very successful. Mather Stover-Ling, an eleven-year-old boy, cannot use his legs. Chanelle Houston's spine was broken in a car accident and Dr. Jonathan Lessin suffers from Parkinson's. All three of these individuals can do indoor rock climbing.

Some people have unusual abilities. Natasha Demkina, a Russian girl, is called "Girl with X-ray eyes". She claims that she can see through people's skin and their organs to diagnose. Master Zhou is a Thai Chi and Kung Fu master and a Qigong healer. He can heat things with his bare hands. He can dry clay in his hand and bring water to boil. He uses his heating ability to cure tumors, body pain, and some other illnesses. Wim Hof has the world record for the longest time in an ice bath. He can run marathons over snow barefoot and climb the top of Kilimanjaro in shorts.

You may ask how this is possible. The answer is simple... It's their determination.

HUMAN IN NATURE



- 1. IQ is the most important thing for success.
- 2. When you work hard, you can be successful.
- 3. Everyone has different abilities.
- 4. Natasha Demkina says that she can tell people's illnesses.
- 5. Master Zhou teaches people Kung Fu to cure their illnesses.
- 6. Wim Hof broke the world record when he ran marathon over snow.

12. Answer: What is the main idea of the text?

If you have determination, you can succeed in every subject.

Idiom Time

See through something or someone:

1. to see deep into something or someone

e.g.

With X-rays, they can see through your body.

Can you see through the window?

2. to understand the nature of someone or something

e.g.

You made this plan to make money for you, not to help people. I can see through it. I'm not a fool!

Writing Time

13. Find out and write about a person with different / unusual abilities.

e.g.

Rathakrishnan Velu from Malaysia can pull weights of over 200 tonnes with his teeth. When he channels all his power to his teeth, he can do it. He learned it from an Indian man when he was 14.



Ben Underwoodthaught is blind, both of his eyes were removed because of when he was 3. Yet, he plays basketball, rides on a bicycle, and lives a quite normal life. He taught himself to use echo location to navigate around the world. With no guide-dogs, he doesn't even need hands: he uses sounds. Ben makes a short click sound that bounces back from objects. Amazingly, his ears pick up the echos to let him know where the objects are. He's the only person in the world who sees using nothing but echo location like a sonar or dolphin.

Listening Time

14. Answer: What does a zoo keeper do? 14-He/ She takes care of the animals at the zoo.



15. Listen to the text and answer: What days does the zookeeper work?

15-She works from Tuesday to Sunday. She doesn't work on Mondays.





16. Listen again and complete the sentences.



- 1. Shelia, the zoo keeper, works from <u>7 in the morning</u> to 4 in the evening.
- 2. Keepers check on the animals _____ at 7.30
- **3.** They feed the animals <u>at 9 o'clock</u>.
- **4.** They play with the animals <u>at noon</u>
- **5.** Sheila does gardening <u>in the afternoon /</u> on Monday afternoon
- Sheila's family come together <u>at dinner time</u> (every evening)

HUMAN IN NATURE



17. Answer these questions.

- 1. How often do they feed the animals? They feed the animals once a day.
- 2. How much meat can a tiger eat in a single day? A tiger can eat about 7-8 kilos of meat in a single day.
- 3. How often does a vet give a check up to the animals? A vet gives a check up to the animals twice a week.
- 4. What does Sheila do on Mondays?

She gets up early and runs a couple of miles to clear her body and head. She does gardening in the afternoon. 5. What can't Sheila do?

She can't cook delicious meals.

Speaking Time

18. Talk about your abilities.

18-I can play basketball and handball.

Reading Time

19. Answer: Does climate change increase natural events? What do you think? 19-Climate change increases the natural disasters and events.

20. Read the paragraph, the newspaper extracts and the word definitions. Then, find the words that match the definitions.

- **a.** size, volume : magnitude
- b. cause, activate: trigger
- shelter **c.** a place to stay away from bad weather or danger: ____

victim d. a person harmed, killed or injured in a crime, accident or disaster: _

What can we do to prevent natural disasters?

A natural disaster is a natural process and we cannot stop it by making certain preparations, but we can reduce the magnitude of the loss of life and the damage to property. First of all, we should reduce global warming because global warming is increasing the risk of extreme weather events. Extreme weather events cause droughts, flooding, avalanches, heatwaves, etc. It can even trigger earthquakes and hurricanes. Human beings also destroy the natural environment while they are building cities. If we use natural sources wisely and plant trees to prevent landslides, we will protect the environment.

At least 225 dead after powerful earthquake hits central Mexico

he magnitude 7.1 quake struck shortly after 1 p.m. local time yesterday, caused violent shaking and it flattened buildings and crushed cars and people in the capital, Mexico City, and surrounding areas.

As the sun rose this morning, rescuers with cutting tools and sniffer dogs continued to scramble to reach survivors inside the ruins of offices, schools and apartment blocks. Power cuts left much of the capital in darkness. Many people spent the night outdoors, fearful of aftershocks. Volunteers helped the victims of the natural disaster.



Hurricane Harvey: the worst rainstorm in U.S history



When hurricane Harvey hit Texas on Friday and record amounts of rain fell, more than 30,000 people left their homes and they became homeless. Tens of thousands of people stayed overnight in shelters at the weekend. Some lucky people can stay at their homes, but there is no electric power.

Clean water is also a big problem, increasing the risk of infectious diseases.

21. Answer the questions.

- 1. What causes extreme weather events?
- 2. What can human beings do to prevent natural disasters?
- 3. What did the earthquake do to Mexico City?
- 4. Why did more than 30,000 people become homeless?
- 5. What kind of problems do victims have after a disaster?

1-Global warming causes extreme weather events.

2-Human beings can reduce global warming, use natural sources wisely, and plant trees to prevent natural disasters.

- 3-It flattened buildings and crashed cars and killed people in Mexico City.
- 4- Because hurricane Harvey hit Texas.
- 5- They become homeless and there is no electricity or clean water.

HUMAN IN NATURE

22. Write a short paragraph about love for nature.

e.g.

When you are in nature, you enjoy the peacefulness of your environment. Nature displays diversity and equality in it. There are fat trees and thin ones, short ones and tall ones. Among yellow flowers, you can see a pink one. In nature, we don't say "How wrong! That flower is different; that tree is fat!". Instead, we say: "How beautiful!" We can learn lessons from Mother Nature. Mother Nature is fair for every creature.



Nature is home for every living creature in the world. Nature provides fresh air, clean water and a liveable world for all of us. We can regenerate in its peacefulness and silence.

Speaking Time

23. Work in pairs. Ask and answer "Can you ...?" questions.

-Can you stand upwards? No, I can't. -Can you dp 30 crunches? Yes, I can.

- e.g. -Can you speak French? Yes, I can.
- 1. Can you do 50 push-ups?
- 2. Can you snap your fingers?
- 3. Can you say "Hello!" in Spanish?
- 4. Can you tell a joke?
- 5. Can you say the alphabet backwards?



Proverb Time

The best time to plant a tree was 20 years ago. The second best time is now.

~Chinese Proverb



Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	l haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	l understand and l can do this by myself
Describing daily routines			\checkmark
Talking about abilities			\checkmark
Talking about frequencies of activities			\checkmark

ilham verici

UNIT FIVE INSPIRATIONAL PEOPLE





Warm Up Time



1. Do you know these people? Write their names and talk about them.



1. Aziz Sancar



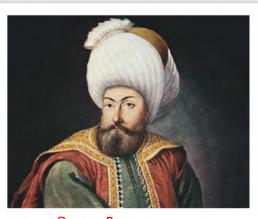
2. Sümeyye Boyacı



3. Güler Sabancı



4. Kenan Sofuoğlu



Osman Bey 5.



6. Yasemin Dalkılıç

INSPIRATIONAL PEOPLE

Listening Time

2. Answer: Who inspires you most in Turkish history? 2-Mustafa Kemal Atatürk inspires me the most.

3. Listen to the dialogue and answer: Who works for a foundation? 3-Nuri Şahin and Lionel Messi work for charity organizations.





4. Write the physical characteristics of Cenk Tosun and Nuri Şahin.







. Listen again and complete the sentences.

- a. Ayşe thinks <u>countryside is better than cities</u>.
- b. Ayşe doesn't suppose Cenk Tosun is cold.
- c. Mathew agrees that <u>Nuri Şahin is handsome</u>.

🗿 🚺 🎑 6. Answer these questions.

- 1. How old is Cenk Tosun? He is ... years old. (He was born in 1991.)
- 2. What does Cenk Tosun do? He is a football player.
- 3. What is Nuri Şahin like as a person? He is generous.
- 4. What is Lionel Messi doing? He is visiting charity organizations for the refugees.
- **5.** Who is shorter and quicker than Nuri Şahin? Lionel Messi is shorter and quicker than Nuri Şahin.

Speaking Time

 Work in pairs. Ask about, describe and compare characteristics of different well-known people by expressing opinions. Read the sample dialogue on the next page and use the clues.



INSPIRATIONAL PEOPLE

e.g.

- Who is your inspiring person?
- It is Aziz Sancar. He won the 2015 Nobel Prize in chemistry with two other scientists. They worked on the DNA molecules.
- I believe he is very intelligent. What does he look like?
- He is a thin, dark man. He looks healthy.
- What is he like?
- Oh, he is very modest and patriotic. Who is your favourite celebrity?
- Emre Aydın. He is a handsome young singer. He is not very tall. He has got hazel eyes.
 I like him because he is cool. He doesn't go out much.
- I don't agree with you. I think he is friendly and cheerful. He is more sociable and energetic than most singers. His film is interesting, too. Is he working on a new film?
- Yes, he is.

Reading Time

- 8. Answer: Are there any well-known people you don't like? Why don't you like them?
 - **9.** Read the information and the texts about two singers and find: Who do the characteristics in the table on the next page belong to?



Birth name: Bengü Erden Born: April 2, 1979 Genre(s): pop Occupation(s): singer Instruments: vocals



Birth name: Edis Görgülü Born: November 28, 1990 Genre(s): pop Occupation: singer, song, write, actor Instruments: vocals, guitar, piano

	Bengü Erden	Edis Görgülü
hardworking	\checkmark	
kind - hearted		\checkmark
generous	\checkmark	
entertaining		\checkmark
calm		\checkmark

Bengü vs. Edis



Most people agree that Bengü is the best singer in Turkey. Edis is very popular, but I believe Bengü is much better than him. First, she is a very good looking, slim, young lady. Second, she sings from the heart and dances very well. She is utterly unique. Her songs and dances are different from the others. She is hard-working. She has got more singles and more videos than him, too. Finally, she is helpful, forgiving and generous. She gives charity concerts and visits patients. That's why, in my opinion, she is the best singer in the country.

I totally disagree with you. I think Edis is much better than Bengü. He is so talented. He writes his songs and his songs are original. I love almost all of his songs. He also wins on personality. He is calm, helpful and kind-hearted. I think he is not arrogant because he makes friends with everyone. He is generous, too. He donates to charities.



Merve

INSPIRATIONAL PEOPLE



Okay listen! For me, Edis is the winner! Let me tell you why: First of all, he speaks English and French very well. I agree that he is not arrogant. He shows real love to all his fans. I find his songs unique. They are different. He is also good-looking, cool and entertaining. These characteristics make him the most popular singer.

Benjamin



10. Read the texts again and match the definitions with the words in bold.

- A person who likes to "give" to help others: **generous** 1.
- A person who thinks that she/he is superior to the others: _____ arrogant 2.
- Handsome or beautiful: good-looking 3.
- The only one or the single example: _______ 4.



1- Because she has got more singles and more videos than Edis. 11. Answer the questions. 2- Because he is a song writer and his songs are original. 3- Because he knows English and French. He is good-looking, cool and entertaining. Ha also shows real love to all his fans.

- 1. Why does Zeynep think Bengü is hard-working?
- 2. Why does Merve think Edis is talented?
- 3. Why does Benjamin think Edis is the most popular singer?

Idiom Time

Celeb: a celebrity

66 Wow!!! There are celebs all over the place. I must take their photographs.

man of his word / woman of her word: sözünün eri

A man / woman who tells the truth and keeps promises

66 If Gary said he'll be there at 6:00, you can count on him. He's a man of his word.

Writing Time



12. Write a text comparing characteristics of people by giving your opinions.

e.g.

My inspirational people are Zeynep Bayçınar and Eda Solmaz. They are from Muradiye in Van. They both have got dark skin and dark long hair. Eda is older than Zeynep, but Zeynep is taller than Eda. I think Eda is thinner than Zeynep.

They took up running when they were little girls. They were the best runners in their town and they are in Turkish



Eda Solmaz - Zeynep Bayçınar

National Athletics team now. These girls must be more hard working and talented than the other athletes because they have got a lot of medals and they became champions.

My inspirational people are Cristiano Ronaldo and Lionel Messi Ronaldo is taller than Messi but Messi is quicker than Ronaldo. Both of them are very talented players of all time. But, Ronaldo is better in my opinion.

INSPIRATIONAL PEOPLE

Listening Time



13. Answer: Which well-known person would you like to meet in person? Why? 13-I would like to meet with Frank Sinatra because he is one of the greatest singer of all time.

14. Listen to the dialogue about David and Bob. Identify the descriptions of their appearances and write their names under the photos.



1. Bob





David

2.



Atack 700

15. Listen to the dialogue again and add more characteristics of these people. Then, compare them giving your opinions.

David

Born: 1984 Height: 180 cm Weight: 95 kg Bob Born: 1980 Height: 185 cm

Weight: 75 kg

cheerful, hardworking, intelligent, not generous

friendly, polite, generous, helpful, modest

Speaking Time



16. Look at the photos, describe the people and the actions. Use the clues.

e.g. 16-People run Istanbul Marathon on Martyrs' Bridge in July 15 every year. Everyone has a number plate on their chest.

Three young women are sitting on the grass. They've got beautiful coloured head scarves. They are looking at a mobile phone and laughing. I think they are looking at a photograph.



pick up rubbish

feed swans

run İstanbul Marathone -July 15 Martyrs' Bridge

have festival

get on a bus - help to bring the luggage to the bus

INSPIRATIONAL PEOPLE

PART B

They are leaving the place now.

Autumn leaves are falling down.

I hate watching football.

Are you coming with me?

Why is fishing so fun?

Pronunciation Time



17. Listen and repeat the words ending with "ing" in Part A. Then, read Part B yourself and check your pronunciation.

	PART A
outting	helping
calling	bringing
rowing	healing

We are singing a new song. I like walking in the rain. The water is boiling over.

Writing Time

18. Write a text describing your inspirational character.

e.g.

My inspirational character is Büşra Ün. She is a Turkish Paralympic wheelchair tennis player. She was born in İzmir in 1994. At the age of six-andhalf-months, her parents noticed that she had no feeling in her legs because of a tumor. She had surgeries, but she couldn't stand or walk.

First, she played table tennis. Then, she began to play wheelchair tennis. She is the first Turkish female tennis player to compete in Paralympics.



She won a lot of cups and medals and I'm sure she will continue to bring gold medals to our country.

Mustafa Kemal Ataturk was the founder and first President of the Republic of Turkey, from 1923 until he died in 1938. Mustafa was born in 1881, in a former Ottoman town called Selânik, now called Thessaloniki in modern-day Greece.

His surname 'Ataturk', meaning the father of the Turks, was granted to him unanimously by the Turkish government. Ataturk was a patriot who bet against the odds of going to war with multiple empires and nations at the same time. Yet the Turkish people won, and he became the first President of Turkey. As the President of Turkey, Ataturk established a political and social re-organisation of his nation. He made many reforms to resurrect his nation.

Speaking Time



19. Work in pairs. Find photographs of three people from your country. Describe and compare their appearances and characters. You can choose words from the list below.

e.g.

In the picture, Zeynep's hair is shorter than Fatma's. Fatma is thinner than Zeynep. Zeynep is more cheerful in the photos.

Appearance

attractive, good-looking, handsome, ugly, unattractive, well-dressed, casually dressed, clean, dirty, untidy

Height

not very tall, medium height, average height

Weight and Build

slim, medium-build, strong, athletic

Hair

68

dark, fair, blond, grey, white, straight, curly, wavy

Proverb Time

Teachers open the door. You enter by yourself.

(Teachers teach and inspire you, but you must work hard for success.)

Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	I haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	I understand and I can do this by myself.
Asking about and describing people's appearances and characters			\checkmark
Comparing characteristics and appearances			\checkmark
Expressing opinions (Agreeing, disagreeing, etc)			\checkmark
Talking about current activities			\checkmark

Age

young, old, middle-aged, about forty, twenty years old

Character

easy-going, sociable, unsociable, strong, honest, energetic, careful, careless, shy, selfish, aggressive, modest, generous, boring

Mind

clever, intelligent, foolish, stupid

Chinese Proverb

köprü kurmak THIEMIE SIX kültür BRIDGINIG CUILTUIRES



Warm Up Time



1. What steps must you take at the airport when you have a flight? Look at the photos, guess and number the photos in order.



BRIDGING CULTURES

Listening Time



2. Answer: How do people in your family usually buy a ticket? Online, by telephone or from an agency?

2- We usually buy a ticket by telephone.



3. Listen to the dialogue and answer: How will Gary Wine pay for his flight tickets?

3- He will pay at the check-in desk.



- 4. Listen again and answer these questions.
- Where will Gary Wine go?
 1-He will go to Venice.
 How many tickets does he was

2. How many tickets does he want?

- 2-He wants two tickets. 3. What time is his flight? 3-It is at 4.30 p.m.
- **4.** How much do the tickets cost? 4-They cost £120.
- 5. What time will he be in Venice? 5-He will be in Venice at 7 p.m.

Practice Time





5. Complete the dialogue.

- A: I'd like to book a flight to Tokyo, please.
- B: When do you want to travel?
- A: On the 15th of May.
- B: Would you like a return ticket?
- A: Yes, I'm coming back on the 30th.
- B: How many seats would you like?
- A: Just one.
- B: It costs \$500. How would you like to pay?
- A: By credit card.

Idiom Time Seyahat etmek ufku genişletir.

"Travel broadens the mind.": When you travel, you learn things about the people and places you see.

e.g.

Everyone should go abroad. Travel broadens the mind.

6- Student A: When is the next train to London?
 Student B: Leaving in 30 minutes.
 Student A: I'd like to buy a ticket. How much is

Speaking Time^{it?}

Student B: It's £3.



6. Work in pairs. Practise a dialogue to buy a flight / bus / train ticket. Use the clues.

One-way flight

When ...?

What time ...?

leave /arrive

How would you like to fly?

When is the next flight to London?

How much ...?

make a reservation

Economy, business class or first class?

Pronunciation Time



7. Listen and repeat the words in Part A. Then, listen to the words in part B and circle the words you hear.

C at an a start of the start of	PA	ART A		
	vary	various	voice	village
	video	vampire	drive	several
	verb	arrive	vote	vivid
	when	while	weather	worm
	word	woman	which	week .
1	were	few	worry	warm



BRIDGING CULTURES

Reading Time

- ?
- Answer: Can you easily start a conversation with a stranger?
 8-Yes, I can.
- **9.** Read the first part of a conversation and underline the sentences identifying the cultural differences.

Announcement: Flight TK136 has been delayed. Please contact your airline for further information.

Sophie: Oh, no! Not again! My flight has been delayed for two hours! Excuse me, do you have the time?

Matthew: It is a quarter to four. I've got the same problem. My flight has been delayed, too.

Sophie: Really? Where are you going? Matthew: I'm going to London. You? Sophie: I'm going to İstanbul. My name is Sophie.

Matthew: I'm Matthew. Nice to meet you. Sophie: Pleased to meet you, too. What is the purpose of your trip to London?

Matthew: I'll visit my uncle. He works there.

Sophie: I see. Are you British?

Matthew: No, I am not. I'm Greek. My uncle is an immigrant. Nowadays a lot of people immigrate to England because there are a lot of job opportunities there.

Sophie: You are right, but life is difficult in a foreign country.

Matthew: I know. People in some countries don't want foreigners or immigrants, so they treat them badly. It is also difficult to make friends with them especially in Britain because they are cold. British people stand far apart from each other when they are talking and they will rarely touch. On British public transport, they prefer silence rather than conversation because they think it is rude to have open conversations in public area. However, Americans would easily start conversations when you look at them. What are Turkish people like?

Sophie: Turkish people in general are very friendly and hospitable to visitors from other countries. They are lively and cheerful. I moved to Istanbul two years ago and I'm very happy there.

Matthew: What are you doing there?

.....

тнеме б



د ck,

10. Listen to the second part of the conversation and take notes about the specialities of İstanbul.

a lot of places to go, a lot of things to do, rich culture, great art and entertainment facilities, terrible traffic.

11. Read and listen to the dialogue again and complete these sentences.

- 1. Sophie's and Matthew's flight(s) has/have been delayed.
- 2. Matthew's uncle is an immigrant
- British people 3. wouldn't start a conversation easily.
- 4. Turkish people are _____friendly / hospitable / cheerful / lively
- 5. Sophie suggests Matthew should visit <u>the Eiffel Tower / the Louvre / Notre Dame in Paris</u>.
- Matthew's flight has been cancelled.

Speaking Time

12. Work in pairs. Read the roles and talk to each other. Use the clues in the boxes.

ou:

You are at the airport to go to Berlin. You live there.

Your flight has been delayed. Start a conversation with a stranger. Ask and answer questions.

What is Berlin /Venice like? What is social life like in Berlin/Venice? What is the weather like in Berlin /Venice?

German people: punctual, cold, hardworking, disciplined

They love to plan things.

They try to keep everything clean and tidy.

OUR FRIEND:

You are at the airport to go to Venice. You live there.

Your flight has been delayed. Talk to a stranger. Ask and answer questions.

My flight has been delayed/cancelled. My flight is now boarding.

Italian people: cheerful, happy, active, musical

They love talking in a loud voice or shouting.

They use their arms and body while they are talking.

BRIDGING CULTURES

Tom

Writing Time

13. Read the example and write a short message to leave for your parents at the reception desk.

13e.g.

Mum, I'm swimming in the pool. You can find me after your

Mume Dad,

I'm having a walk along the beach . I'll be back at lunch time.

Listening Time

14. What do you usually have at a restaurant?

14- I usually have fried chicken.



15. Listen to the dialogue and answer: How much is the lunch? 15- It is \$16.75.



16. Who says these sentences at a restaurant? Listen again and mark.

s at a restau	rant: Listen aga	and and m	Idi K.
		Waiter	Customer
		~	
			\checkmark
			\checkmark
		\checkmark	
			\checkmark
		\checkmark	
			\checkmark
		\checkmark	
		\checkmark	
t is £8.15.	STATI	(J.)	VT)
£2.00 £2.50			Cheeseburger
£2.90 £3.30 d and butter	Vegetable om	elette C	hocolate cake
S	Cheese & tom	ato sandw	rich Burger
£6.50 £6.25	Chicken sandw	rich Ch	eese omelette
£5.95 £4.85 £5.95	All snacks are se		
	nat would yo r: I would like Yould you like r: No, thanks nu below an r: Could I ha : is $\pounds 8.15$. T $\pounds 2.00$ $\pounds 2.50$ $\pounds 2.50$ $\pounds 2.90$ $\pounds 3.30$ d and butter S $\pounds 6.50$ $\pounds 6.25$	hat would you like to have? f: I would like to eat chicken yould you like to have any dr f: I would like to eat chicken yould you like to have any dr f: No, thanks. nu below and the clues on t fr: Could I have the bill, pleas f: Sec. 50 Sec. 50 Chicken sandw	A twould you like to have? A twould you like to have? A twould like to eat chicken salad and Yould you like to have any drink? A twould like to have any drink? A twould you like t

Fruit salad and cream	\$2.25
Ice cream	£2.00
(choose from chocolate, coffee,	or lemon)
Lemon cake	\$2.25
Chocolate cake	\$2.25
Cheese and biscuits	£2.50

Lunch served 12:30-2:30 p.m. / Dinner served 6:00-9:00 p.m.

£1.00

£1.25

£1.30

£0.90

£0.90

76

DRINK

Mineral water

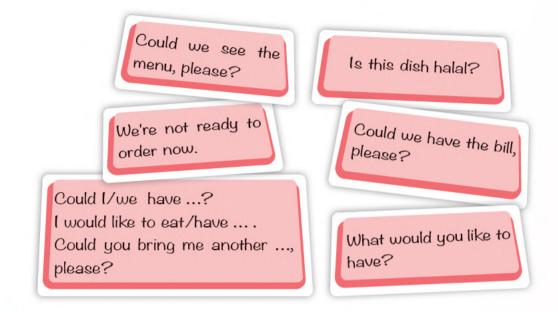
Soft drinks

English tea

Fresh orange juice

Irish cream coffee

BRIDGING CULTURES



18. Answer: Which city is your favourite in Turkey / in the world? 18-My favourite city in Turkey is Antalya.



19. Read about the cities and write what to see in Venice, Paris and New York.

PARIS

There are many interesting sights in Paris. One of the most well known sights in Paris is the Eiffel Tower. From the top of this magnificent structure, it is possible to see all across the lovely city. The Louvre, the most popular museum in France, contains historical paintings, sculptures and priceless works of art like the Mona Lisa. Another interesting tourist



attraction, Notre Dame, is a gorgeous cathedral known for its bell tower. The palace of Versailles has beautiful gardens to enjoy. Mont Mart is a large shopping area. You can find clothing stores, bakeries, souvenir shops, restaurants and more there.

Good food and restaurants are easy to find in Paris. A very popular starter is "escargot". This is a snail dish. "Coq au vin" is a popular main dish. It is a chicken dish. "CrÃme brulee" is a very delicious dessert. It is like chocolate pudding and brown sugar. France has the best pastries in the world! You'll feel at home in Paris because French people are ready to make friends with you. They share friendship, love and excitement.

VENICE

Venice, the most beautiful city in Europe, is located in north-eastern Italy. It has about 118 islands in the Adriatic Sea, so the city of Venice is romantic, unique and beautiful. Its canals are a huge attraction for travellers. Get around in a gondola, take a trip down the Grand Canal and go to San Marco Square. If you are a music lover, experience Vivaldi in



Venice. You should eat seafood, risotto, polenta and have espresso before you leave Venice.

NEW YORK

New York is the most crowded city in the USA. It is the cultural and financial capital of the world. Central Park is the favourite of tourists and the New Yorkers. Times Square is absolutely gorgeous at night. You should also see the Statue of Liberty and the Museum of Modern Art. Fifth Avenue is a must. Stores are fabulous. Chinatown smells delicious and



the graffiti makes the neighborhood look nicer. You shouldn't leave New York without eating pizza, bagels, hotdogs, doughnuts or cupcakes. There are too many people in the city of New York. Tourists are everywhere and the traffic is horrible though yellow cabs make the city colourful. It can get rather cool there and the pollution is disgusting, but there are many sights to see and places you can go to eat. The people are usually helpful because they come from all over the world and they must help one another.



BRIDGING CULTURES



20. Write true (T) or false (F).

1. If you want to be in a romantic city, you should go to Paris.	F
2. Escargot is a popular French cuisine.	T
3. You can do shopping in Fifth Avenue.	Т
4. Most tourists go to Venice to eat risotto.	F
5. If you have a problem in New York, no one will help you.	F

Writing Time



21.Which city would you like to visit? Write a short pharagraph about it and state your reasons.

I would like to visit Berlin, because it has a lot of historical buildings and cities. I'm really keen on historical structures, tools, weapons and inventions. That's why, I'd love to be in Berlin.

Speaking Time

22. Talk with your friends about some basic cultural differences of places you have visited.

e.g. 1.

I went to Şanlıurfa last year. It is a place for culture and customs. The people of Şanlıurfa love eating meat a lot. However, in İzmir, people prefer eating vegetables and they have various types of salads.

e.g. 2.

Indian food is spicy, but it is not the same in Australia. The Australians use vegetables in their sauces.

Listening Time



23. Answer: How much can you understand the announcements, telephone calls, songs or films in English?

23- By practising over and over again.

24. Read the three types of airline announcements below. Then, listen to the announcements and write their order.

- A. Final boarding announcement (1)
- B. Pre-boarding announcement (3)(2)
- C. Boarding announcement

25. Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1. What is the flight number? 1- It is 372A.
- 2. Where will the passengers fly to? 2- They will fly to London.
- 3. What is the gate number? 3- It is 11.

Quote Time

"What is normal for me and for my culture is not universal."

Annemarie Perez

Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	I haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	I understand and I can do this by myself.
Asking about and describing cities	,		√
Identifying cultural differences			√
Talking about travel and tourism			√
Ordering food			√

THEME SEVEN WORLD HERMAGE miras





Warm Up Time



1. Which of these places are on the World Heritage List? Guess and mark.



WORLD HERITAGE

Listening Time

2. Answer: What does an archaelogist do?
 2- An archaeologist studies the cultures, archaeological remains and languages in different parts of the world.

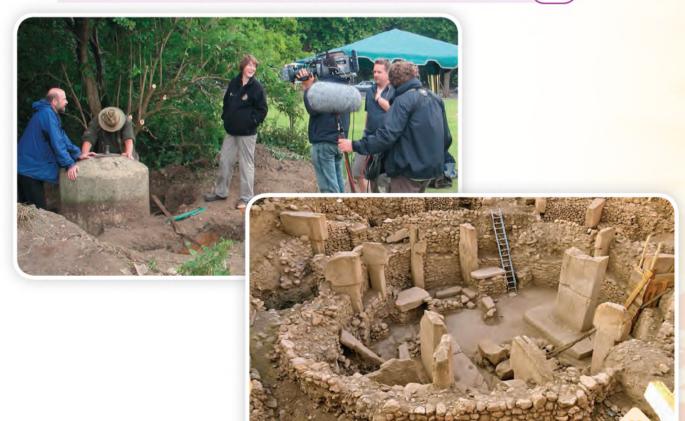
3. Listen to the interview and answer: What does "excavate" mean?

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

to remove and uncover something by digging

b. restorate

- 4. Write true (T) or false (F).
- Ms Jones wanted to be an archaeologist when she was a child.
 She studied archaeology after she got a job.
- 3. She went to Göbeklitepe as a tourist.
- 4. The temple at Göbeklitepe was 12000 years old.



Student A: Did you go to Germany? Student B: Yes, I did. It was absolutely amazing. Student A: Where did you go there? Student B: I went to Brandenburg Gate. It was a experience.

Speaking Timebeautiful

5. Work in pairs. Read the roles, the information about the pyramids and the sample dialogue. Then, ask and answer questions.

YOU:

You are interviewing a travel writer. Ask questions with "Why / Where / Who / When / Did / Was".

Ask about the pyramids.

Ask his/her most interesting experience.

- e.g. When did you start to write about travelling?
 - I first wrote my memories when I went to Egypt. That was 10 years ago.
 - Did you go to Africa?
 - Yes, I did. I think I won't go there again.
 - Why? Can you tell me what happened?

- A lion attacked me. I can clearly remember its eyes and mouth... It was really a terrible experience...

YOUR FRIEND:

You are a travel writer. Answer the questions and tell your experiences.

You visited many ancient sites / places in the world. You also visited The Great Pyramids of Giza.

The Pyramids of Giza: Location: Cairo, Egypt Built: About 2600 BC

The Eyptians built these three pyramids about 4600 years ago as burial places for ancient kings. The Great Pyramid is almost 140 meters high. The Greek historian Herodotus wrote: When the Eyptians built the Great Pyramid, more than 100 000 men worked for more than 30 years. Before the Egyptians decided to build pyramids, they buried their dead directly in the ground or mummified them.





6- We should preserve ancient sites, national parks, wild places, etc. 7- When the countries sign the World Heritage Convention, they promise to protect their natural and cultural heritage.

Reading Time

- 3
- 6. Answer: What kind of places should we preserve for future generations?

7. Read the text about the world heritage and answer: What is the purpose of the World Heritage Convention?

Heritage is our legacy from the past. We live it today and we pass it on to future generations. Our cultural and natural heritage sites are very important for life. Some places or buildings have special importance for everyone because they are the best examples of the world's cultural or natural heritage.

UNESCO adopted the World Heritage Convention in 1972. When the countries sign this convention, they promise to protect their natural and cultural heritage. They can nominate sites within their country and get financial, technical or emergency assistance from other countries to preserve their cultural properties.

Turkey has 18 properties on the UNESCO World Heritage list. There are 60 more nominated sites. When the sites are on the list, people all over the world are aware of cultural heritage and try to do everything to protect them. What can you do for them?

List of World Heritage Sites in Turkey *Cultural (16)*

- Göbeklitepe (2018)
- Aphrodisias (2017)
- Archaeological Site of Ani (2016)
- Archaeological Site of Troy (1998)
- Bursa and Cumalıkızık: the Birth of the Ottoman Empire (2014)
- City of Safranbolu (1994)
- Diyarbakır Fortress and Hevsel Gardens Cultural Landscape (2015)
- Ephesus (2015)
- Great Mosque and Hospital of Divriği (1985)
- Hattusha: the Hittite Capital (1986)
- Historic Areas of Istanbul (1985)
- Mount Nemrut (1987)
- Neolithic Site of Çatalhöyük (2012)
- Pergamon and its Multi-Layered Cultural Landscape (2014)
- Selimiye Mosque and its Social Complex (2011)
- Xanthos-Letoon (1988)

Mixed (2)

- Göreme National Park and the Rock Sites of Cappadocia (1985)
- Hierapolis-Pamukkale (1988)







1- We pass on cultural and natural heritage to future generations.2- They promise to protect their natural and cultural heritage.



8. Ask and answer questions about the text.

e.g. 1. What do we pass on to future generations?2. What do countries do when they sign the World Heritage Convention?

Writing Time



Write some sentences about a historical place you visited in the past. Search about it on the Internet.

e.g. I went to Çatalhöyük last year. It is an interesting ancient site. It is close to Konya. They built Çatalhöyük around 7500 BC. 7000 - 10000 people lived there. There were houses, but there were no public buildings. And there were no streets in Çatalhöyük. There weren't any footpaths or streets between the houses. They moved around on the roofs of the houses. There were holes in the ceilings and they climbed up timber ladders to reach the doors. There were no windows either. I saw a lot of pottery



....

items and tools in the museum. It was really fascinating.

I went to Ephesus when I was 8 years old. It is an ancient site in Izmir, Selçuk. It was built in

.

Idiom Time mazi olmak

be history : to be dead, to be a thing of the past

e.g.

- 1. I just got bad news from the auto repair shop. My car is history.
- 2. A: I thought you didn't get along with Jerry.
 - B: Oh, that's history! We're good friends now.

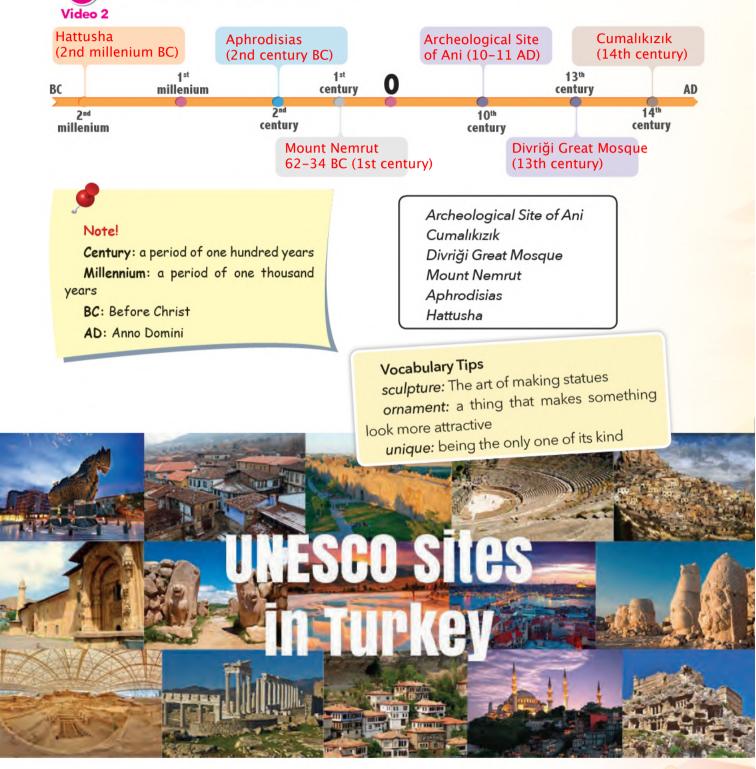
WORLD HERITAGE

Listening Time

ack :

10. Answer: Which archaelogical site would you like to see in Turkey? Why?

11. Listen to the text or watch the video. Write the names of the World Heritage Sites in the box on the timeline.



THEME 7¹²

12- Aphrodisias - Aydın Cumalıkızık Bursa Hatusha - Çorum Divriği Great Mosque - Sivas Mount Nemrut Adıyaman Historical Site of Ani - Kars



- **12.** Where are the world Heritage Sites in part 11? Find out and tell the names of the cities.
- **13.** Listen or watch again and write true (T) or false (F).

1. It is possible to see a lot of statues in Aphrodisias.	T
2. Cumalıkızık has a unique natural beauty.	F
3. Hattusha was an important city around the year 2000 BC.	T
4. Divriği Great Mosque has incredible shadow plays on its gate as the sun moves.	T
5. You can visit the tomb on top of Mount Nemrut.	F
6. Archaeological Site of Ani has only traditional Turkish art.	F

Speaking Time

14.Search about an ancient civilization on the Internet and give a short simple presentation about it.

e.g.

Mesopotamian civilization is the first of the civilizations on the planet. Ancient Mesopotamia dates from around 3550 BC-1750 BC. Mesopotamia means "the land between the rivers". The city states of Sumer were on the plains of Tigris and Euphrates Rivers, in the regions of modern day Iraq now. The Sumerians began to build their walled cities beginning around 3500 BC. The ziggurat temples were one of their most important achievements. The land around the rivers were rich and the sunshine was good for growing crops. As a result, they had too much barley,

dates and other crops. They sold them to the neighbouring countries. Sumerians invented the wheel and the sailboat around 3500 BC. And they also used plow in the fields. They were very good at mathematics. They invented number system based on 60.



WORLD HERITAGE

Reading Time

15. Answer: What kind of stories do you like? Drama, adventure, comedy, fiction, moral, mythological, etc.? | like mythological stories.

16. Read the first and the third parts of the text about Xanthos-Letoon. The sentences in the second part are mixed up. Read and reorder the events in the second part to make up a meaningful story.

Part I

Xanthos /Ksantos/ was the capital city of the Lycian Federation. It is very old. Finds date back to the 8th century BC, but it is possible that the site existed during the Bronze Age or during the first centuries of the Iron Age.

Letoon was the sacred center of Lycia, located about 10 km to the south of Xanthos. Today Xanthos-Letoon is one of the most remarkable archaeological sites in Turkey. For this reason, it has been registered in the UNESCO World Heritage Sites list. Xanthos has a very tragic story:

Part II

- (1) The Xanthosians were at war against the Persians.
- (4) Firstly, they put all women, children, treasure and slaves on the acropolis.
- (7) All Xanthosian men jumped off the hill into the water and killed themselves.
- (3) Before Persians made their final attack, the Xanthosians moved back into the city because they knew they would lose the fight.
- (5) Secondly, they set Acropolis on fire because they didn't want Persians to get their most precious things.
- (6) Finally, they climbed up the hill nearby and went to the highest place.
- (2) The Persians were very strong and wanted to invade Xanthos' territory, so they attacked many times.
- (8) Thus, everyone in Xanthos died. Only 80 families who were absent during the fight stayed alive.

Part III

Later, city regenerated, but the story repeated itself in 42 BC when Brutus attacked the city during the Roman civil wars. The Lycians' suicide shocked Brutus and he said: "If you save a Xanthosian soldier, I'll give you a reward". They could rescue only 150 citizens.

17- 1- It was 10 km away from Xanthos.
 2- Xanthos was the capital city of Lycian Federation and Letoon was the sacred center of Lycia.
 3- Because they didn't want Persians to get their most precious things.

4-Yes, he did.

17. Write the answers to these questions in your notebook.

- 1. How far was Letoon from Xanthos?
- **2.** What was the importance of Letoon and Xanthos for Lycia?
- **3.** Why did Xanthosian men burn their women and children before they committed suicide?
- 4. Did Brutus win the fight against the Xanthosians?

Pronunciation Time



18. Listen and repeat the examples for -ed ending verbs in part A. Then, read the verbs in part B yourself and check your pronunciation.

Part A /id	Part B			
wanted = want/id/ needed = need/id/	Verbs	/ id /	/t/	/ d /
decided = decide/id/ started = start/id/	showed			<
/t/ laughed = laugh/t/	hated	√		
walked = walk/t/ kissed = kiss/t/	worked		√	
finished = finish/t/ /d/	helped		√	
cleaned = clean/d/ saved = save/d/	travelled			√
enjoyed = enjoy/d/ married = marry/d/	talked		1	

19. Listen and repeat the sentences in part A. Notice the pronunciation of "was" as/wəz/ and /wɒz/. Then, read the sentences in part B yourself and check your pronunciation.

A

I was out yesterday. It was really good. I enjoyed it. When you called me, I was on the phone. He was there when the accident happened.

What was in the box? It **was** a ring! I think it was a bad idea. Yes, it **was**. Which one **was** for you? His speech **was** good. Really good!

В

I was here when it happened. Before she came, I was very excited. When I saw her, she was ill. We thought he was happy.

Was the weather good? No, it was rainy. Life was hard for them. Poor children! My stomach was full of butterflies. That's love!

He was angry with me. He just walked away.

WORLD HERITAGE

Writing Time



20. Imagine you will interview an expert on the Hittites. Use the clues. Write your questions and his/her possible answers making inquiries about the subject.

e.g.

- When did the Hittites come to Anatolia?
- Who fought in the Battle of Kadesh?

The Hittites

came to Anatolia before 2000 BC in central Anatolia around 1600 BC- 1180 BC information from cuneiform texts, tablets Hattuşa (Boğazkale) (capital of the kingdom) controlled trade routes, grew wheat, barley, etc., raised sheep

sold silver, copper, bronze to Mezopotamia Battle of Kadesh (between Egyptians and the Hittites)

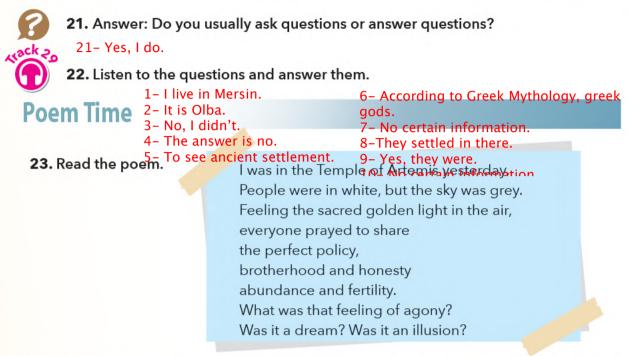
Hittite artifacts in the Museum of Anatolian civilizations in Ankara

rock carvings, small silver and bronze statues

-What was their language?

The Hittite language was a distinct member of the Anatolian branch of the Indo-European language family, and along with the related Luwian language, is the oldest historically attested Indo-European language, (2) referred to by its speakers as nesili "in the language of Nesa."

Listening Time



Quote Time

A nation's culture resides in the hearts and in the soul of its people.

Mahatma Gandi



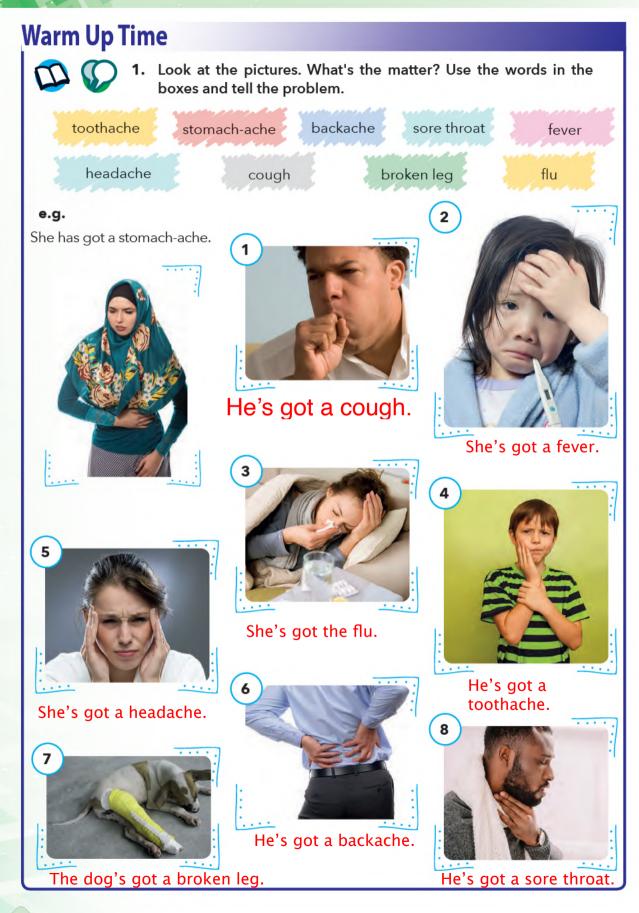
Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	I haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	I understand and I can do this by myself.
Talking about past events			√
Making inquiries			√
Asking and answering questions in an interview			✓

acil THIEMEE EIGHT sağlık EMERGENCY AND Tosorunları HEALTH PROBLEMS





EMERGENCY AND HEALTH PROBLEMS

Listening Time

- Answer: Do you learn "first aid" at school?
 2- Yes, I did.
- **3.** Listen to the dialogue and answer: What should we do when there is bleeding? We must stop bleeding with an object such as shirt.

Note!

* Both "must" and "have to" express obligations and prohibitions.
"Must" expresses that the obligation comes from the speaker/the speaker's feelings.
"Have to" mainly expresses obligations which come from outside of the speaker.
You must hand in your homework on Tuesday. (It is necessary.)
I must call my dad tonight.
You have to come. (It is an obligation. There is a rule.)
Do I have to wear a tie?
* "had better"
I'd better go now. (I think I should go now.)
She'd better get here soon or she'll miss the opening ceremony.
You'd better not tell her about the accident.

CPR: cardiopulmonary resuscitation

(compressing the chest over the heart and forcing air into the lungs)



What emergency situations does the doctor advise? Listen and tick.

fainting	√
breaking a body part	
heart attack	√
burns	
bleeding	✓
high fever	
abdominal pain	√
diarrhea	
acka	



- 5. Listen again and write the answers to these questions in your notebook.
 - 1. What must we do if there is an emergency situation?
 - 2. What should you do if a person faints?

3. When should we do CPR? 5- 1. We must dial 112 if there is an emergency situation.

2. When someone faints, we should first check if the person is still breathing, then alert medical personnel and position the person properly.

3. If a person is not breathing, we should do CPR.

A: What should I do in the event of a heart attack. B: You should dial 112. You can do chest

Speaking Time

THEME 8

6. Work in pairs. Ask for and give advice about some health problems / emergencies. Use "should /shouldn't/ had better/ must/have to, etc. and the clues.

- e.g. What should I do in the event of an earthquake?
 - You should take shelter under a table.

Heart attack

Dial 112. Call the ambulance. Do chest compression / do CPR.

High fever

Stay at home and take a good rest when you have a high fever.

Flu

Keep warm. Drink linden tea. Take a long rest when you catch the flu.









Faint

Alert medical personnel. Position him / her properly.

Car accident

Check yourself and other passengers for injuries. Get to safety on the side of the road. Call the police. Wait for help.

Fire

Rescue yourself - help others. Alert your family / friends. Put out the fire. Don't use the elevators.





EMERGENCY AND HEALTH PROBLEMS

Reading Time

- What was the last natural disaster in Turkey? Find out and tell. It was the earthquake in Denizli.
- 8. Read the text and write the main idea of it.

XPC TV reports

A new tragedy has hit a New Zealand island this month. An earthquake has crumbled the houses, damaged the roads, cut communications and ruined water and electiricity systems.

The number of dead people has risen to 3500 and many dozens have got trapped inside collapsed buildings. Rescue teams from around the world have come to the country. Rescue specialists are on their way, too. All civilians are ready to help and they have pulled survivors out of the rubble, but the authorities report that 300 people are still missing and getting

to them won't be easy. Police say they have got text messages and tapping sounds from students in a ruined school building. Everyone has to do something to rescue those children.

The earthquake and heavy rains have also damaged the roads and footpaths. It is very difficult to deliver aid. Helicopters have to bring food, blankets, clothing, towels and water to villagers. If we help them, they can survive after the disaster.

This earthquake has happened in one of the world's most active sismic zones and it will not be the last one. The area is very crowded and poor, so the government built cheap houses only last year.





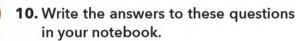
Unfortunately, the earthquake has flattened most of them. Rich countries must help to rebuild stronger and safer houses there. They mustn't use cheap building materials.

When people live in safer houses, fewer people will die in the event of earthquake.



9. Find words from the text to match with these definitions.

- 1. broken pieces of stone and brick from buildings when they are destroyed: rubble
- 2. to fall down suddenly: collapse
- 3. to break into small pieces: crumble
- 4. to strike lightly: tap



1. The earthquake has crumbled houses and damaged the roads.

1. What has the earthquake done to the houses

and roads?

2. No, they can't. 2. Can people on the island get water and

electricity?

3. No, they haven't. 3. Have rescue specialists arrived on the island? 4. Civilians have helped survivors out of the rubble.
4. Who has helped survivors out of the rubble?

5. They have sent text messages and tapping sounds. 5. How have the people in the collapsed

buildings tried to communicate?

6. They have to bring food, blankets, clothing, towels and water.6. What do helicopters have to bring?



Note!

When an action happened in the recent past and when it is still important, we use "The Present Perfect Tense".

e.g.

I've lost my keys (so I can't get into my house).

She's hurt her leg (so she can't play tennis today).

Have you eaten anything allergic recently?

* The past participle of some verbs:

damage - damaged - damaged

decide - decided - decided

has/have - had - had

carry - carried - carried

- eat ate -eaten
- build built built



Practice Time

- Complete the sentences with the verbs in the present perfect.
 - 1. They haven't had (not have) breakfast this morning.
 - 2. The teacher has given ____ (give) us a lot of homework today.
 - _____ all the guests <u>arrived</u> (arrive) ? Have 3.
 - 4. Mum <u>has cooked</u> (cook) a delicious dinner for Dad's birthday.

EMERGENCY AND HEALTH PROBLEMS

Writing Time



12. Imagine you have seen an accident. Report what has happened in a few sentences.

There has been an accident. <u>Two cars have hit each other. I have dialed 112 and called an</u> ambulance. The driver of the red car has gotten out of the car, but

he has broken his arm. He was in pain. The other driver has gotten trapped inside the car. He has got minor injuries.

13. Answer: Which number do you dial in case of emergency in Turkey?



110, 115, 155, 156, 112

14. Listen to the emergency call and complete these sentences.



- 1. Fatma needs <u>an ambulance</u>
- 2. Her sister has fallen down the stairs
- 3. Fatma's sister is ______ years old.
- 4. Fatma's sister can't <u>move</u>



15. Listen again, guess and match the health terms with their definitions. There is one extra choice.

1. awake	(<mark>f</mark>)	 a. a medical instrument for listening to the action of someone's heart
2. blood pressure	(d)	b. medicine used to treat a disease
3. to breathe	(. <mark>.</mark> .)	c. a small round medicine to swallow
	b	d. the strength of blood pushing through blood vessels
4. medication	()	e. to take air into the lungs and let it out again
5. pill	()	f. conscious, not asleep

Speaking Time

16. Work in pairs. Read the roles, sample dialogue and start a conversation.

You:

There is an emergency. Call an ambulance /doctor. Tell what has happened. Ask questions or ask for advice.

YOUR FRIEND:

You are a doctor / emergency operator. Give instructions /advice for an emergency. Ask and answer questions.

e.g.

- A: Please help me! I need a doctor!
- B: What is the problem, madam?
- A: I think my husband is having a heart attack. He's lost consciousness.
- B: May I have the location?
- A: 55, Westline Street.
- B: Please calm down. You must take a deep breath. What are the symptoms?
- A: He's had a cold sweat.
- B: Is he breathing?
- A: Yes. What should I do?
- B: You shouldn't move him. You should give CPR if he stops breathing.
- A: I don't know how to do it. Please hurry up!
- B: An ambulance is on the way now. Please stay on the line.

EMERGENCY AND HEALTH PROBLEMS

Reading Time



17. Answer: When did you last see a doctor? What was the problem? Last month. I had a toothache.

18. Read the dialogues and match the photographs with them. Then, read the headings below and write the suitable heading for each dialogue.

- a. Seeing the Doctor
- b. Making an Appointment
- c. Visiting a Patient
- d. Seeking Help





Making an appoinment

1

- Hello, how can I help you?
- I would like to make an appointment with Dr. Smith, please.
- What would you like to see him for?
- I need my annual physical check-up and also have a shoulder problem. It is aching.
- Dr. Smith has openings next week. Are you free on Monday or Tuesday?
- I'd better see him on Tuesday afternoon.
- We will schedule you for next week on Tuesday at 3 p.m.





Visiting a patient

2

- Hello, I am here to visit my sister.
- What is your sister's name?
- Her name is Annette Simmons. She is going to have a baby.
- Oh, congratulations! Yes, I see here Ms Simmons is in the maternity ward. Do you need directions?
- Yes, please.
- She is in the east wing. Take this elevator to the 3rd floor and walk down the hall. Then make a right turn. She is in room 304.

Seeking help

3

- May I help you, sir?
- Yes. My wife has a strong headache and we need help immediately.
- When did it begin?
- It began last night. She feels dizzy and she refuses to eat anything.
- OK. Let's check your blood pressure, ma'am. I think you have high blood pressure. You should have a seat and we will get a doctor to see you right away.

Seeing the doctor

- 4
- Hi, doctor. I came today because I've got flu and I need a checkup.
- Okay.
- I often have the flu. What causes the flu?
- Viruses cause it. You can catch the virus in the air or from people. You should be careful about it. Let me examine you. Your temperature is normal. You don't have a fever.
- What should I do?
- You'd better take a long rest when you catch the flu. Antibiotics won't cure the flu.
- My knee hurts as well. I think I walked a lot and it was injured.
- When did the pain start and does it still hurt now?
- About 2 weeks ago and yes, it still hurts.
- You should put ice on it and I will prescribe you some pain medication.
- Thank you, doctor!

19. Read the dialogues again and write true (T) or false (F).

1. If you take some medicines, you can get over the flu.	F
2. Your temperature is not normal when you have a fever.	Т
3. If you kiss someone with the flu, you can catch the virus.	Т
4. Dr Smith can see some patients this week.	F

EMERGENCY AND HEALTH PROBLEMS



Pronunciation Time

20. Listen and repeat the statements in Part A. Mark the intonation for the statements in Part B. Then, listen and check.

PARTA		
Falling Intonation Statements 🌂	Her friend came to dinner. 🌂 Where did she go? 🌂	
Rising Intonation Statements 🗡	Did you remember to buy the milk? 🖊 She came this morning? 🖊	
Rising and falling Intonation Statements 🗡 🌂	l didn't / steal your red hat. 🌂 l didn't say / you stole my red hat. 🌂	

PARTB

l'm 1.60 m tall.	⁽ falling ⁾
Are you happy?	(rising)
Those strawberries are for dessert.	(falling)
l always have tea for breakfast.	(rising falling
I love your mother's cooking.	(rising falling
Was she in İzmir or in Ankara?	(rising falling
Where are you going?	(falling)
Did you learn first aid techniques?	(rising)

Writing Time

21. Prepare a poster / leaflet / brochure about safety and health at work. Write what they have to do / should / shouldn't do.

A (m 1:1.

x

103

DON'T TEXT

8

DRIVE

e.g.

Workers have to wear their helmets while working in this workplace. You mustn't smoke in this area.

Wear goggles while working.

Speaking Time

 22. What do we have to do / What should we do / What must we do in social life? Talk about them.
 We must be a good human being to people who are good to us.

People should never tell lies. They should keep their promises.

We mustn't steal. We mustn't hurt animals.

Students mustn't cheat in exams. They must respect the rights of others to learn. We have to pay our taxes. Drivers have to stop at the red light.

Proverb Time

Accidents will happen.

It is impossible to prevent things from going wrong.

e.g.

- Child : Mummy, I spilled grape juice all over the carpet. Mother: Don't cry, honey. Accidents will happen.
- 2. Jill : I'm so sorry. I just looked at your vase and dropped it. I didn't want to break it.
 Jane : Accidents will happen.



Read and tick (✔) the right column.

I haven't understood this yet.	I need some help to do this.	I understand and I can do this by myself.
		√
		1



- 1. We celebrate our Republic Day on 29th October. We got our flags.
- 2. People have engagement rings when decide to get married.
 - 3. We buy these special 'simits' on some religious days.
 - 4. When a baby, we celebrate the family and buy presents.

THEME 9 5. 15th July is Democracy and National Unity Day. We celebrate it to protect democracy. (to commemorate the national unity against the coup attempt for democracy in 2016.)

Warm Up Time^{6.} We usually break our fast with dates during Ramadan and then have soup and pide'.



1. Look at these photos and answer: What do these photos bring to your mind? What do we do on these days / occasions? How do we celebrate them?



1.



2.

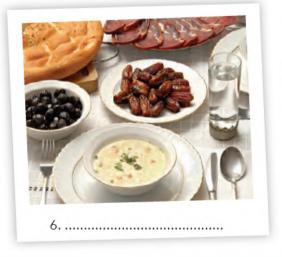






4.





INVITATIONS AND CELEBRATIONS

Listening Time

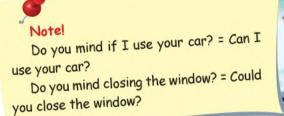


2. Is it common to have parties in your town/city? If yes, what kind of parties are they? Birthday parties are common in my town.



3. Watch or listen to the dialogue and take notes about the things to decide on before giving a housewarming party.









Who is going to do what? Listen or watch again and tick.

Things to do	Adam	Melony
cooking		<
cleaning the house		√
doing shopping	√	
decorating the house		V
making the guest list	<	

Birthday Party Let's organize a birthday party in our backyard for our friend Gamze. We are going to invite our classmates. We are going to celebrate her fifteenth birthday.

THEME 9

Speaking Time

5. Work in groups. Choose a celebration event. Discuss what to do asking for and giving suggestions. Make requests about the arrangements. Use the clues.

Where are you / we going to have the dinner / party / celebration, etc.? When are you / we going to have ...?

Who are you / we going to invite?

What are you / we going to serve?

What are you going to do?

Let's ...

Can you ...? I like that idea. / Let's do that. It sounds great! Let's ..., what do you think? I am/you are/he/she is going to ... I'd rather not, because ... Why don't we ...? Do you mind ...?/Would you mind if ...? No, not at all. / Of course not.

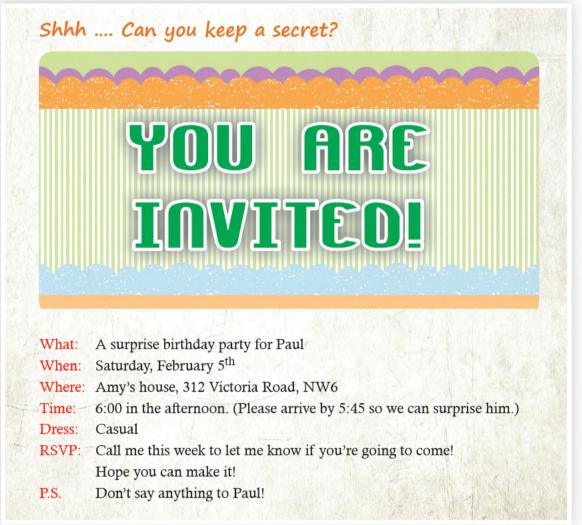
Birthday party Housewarming party Iftar meal New job celebration Graduation party Championship celebration Parents' wedding anniversary

INVITATIONS AND CELEBRATIONS

Reading Time

6. Answer: What do people send invitations for? 6. People send invitations for parties, wedding or engagement parties, some ceremonies, receptions, openings, etc.

receptions, openings, etc.
7. Read the invitation and answer: Does Paul know about his birthday party?
7. No, he doesn't know about his birthday party.



8. Answer these questions.

- 1. What is the address of the party place?
- 2. When are the guests going to arrive at the party place?
- 3. What should the guests wear?
- 4. Should the guests answer the invitation?

2. The guests are going to arrive at the party place before 5.45.

3. They should wear casual dresses.

4. Yes, they should answer the invitation.

Writing Time



Read the sample and write an invitation letter.

Dear Ellen,

My family is going to throw a birthday party for me on Saturday, June 4th. The party is going to be at my house on Hills Road in Turnfield. It is going to start in the evening at 6 p.m. and finish at 10 p.m. There will be music, fun games and delicious food! Would you like to join us?

If you come, can you bring some food to the party to share with everyone? Also, have you got any party games that I could borrow?

Could you please let me know if you will come to my party? You should give me a call before Wednesday. My mobile phone number is 07123535501.

I hope to see you there.

Yours sincerely,

Melissa

Dear friends,

<u>I hope you all are doing fine. I have something very special to tell you which is that my</u> birthday is on its way and I want you all to come over to my place on the (Date: 16.03.2021) at (12.50) for the birthday party I have arranged for all the friends and family.

Pronunciation Time



10. Listen and repeat the questions in part A. Then, read the questions in part B yourself and check your pronunciation.

Part A

Would you mind making a shopping list for the party?

Would you like to join us for iftar this evening? Could you please turn off the lights in your room? Would you please stop asking me the same question?

Could you tell me what time it is?

Part B

Could you explain this to me? Would you mind helping me? Could you tell me the way to the station?

Could you help me, please? Would you like something to eat?

INVITATIONS AND CELEBRATIONS

Listening Time

		 What kind of ceremonies or parties do you prefer?
Atack 35		I prefer parties with the free food.
	1	Listen to the dialogue and complete the missing parts.
George	:	Hello?
Donna	:	Hello, George, this is Donna.
George	:	Hi, Donna. How are you?
Donna	:	Thanks. George, we're going to throw a housewarming party on Saturday at 8. <u>I'll be really very happy if you come</u> .
George	:	I'm very sorry. I don't think I can because I'm going to abroad on business.
Donna	:	Oh, bad luck! Is Susan in? Can I talk to Susan?
George	:	Just a second, I'll call herHey Susan, it is Donna calling!
Sucan		Hello, Donna.
		Hi, Susan. Listen, we are going to give a housewarming
Donna		party on Saturday evening at 8. <u>Would you like to join</u> us ?
Susan	:	I'm afraid I can't. My parents are going to come
Donna	:	Why don't you bring your parents with you?
Susan	:	Well, alright. We'll come together, then.
Donna	:	Fine. Oh, Susan, remember to bring the children, too. We have some surprises for them.
Susan	:	Great! Is there anything I can do, Donna?
Donna	:	Are you good at cooking?
Susan	:	Yes, I think so. Why?
		Have you got time to prepare some meatballs?
		Yes, of course.
		I'm going to cook cookies and pizzas.
Susan	:	It sounds good. I can make some cupcakes, too. I'm going to make them on Friday and come to your place in the morning.
Donna	:	Thank you very much, Susan.
Susan	:	No problem. Thanks for calling, bye for now!
Donna	:	Bye. See you on Saturday. Don't forget to bring the cupcakes and some CDs.

Susan : Don't worry, I won't.









- 1. Because he is going to go abroad on business.
- 2. Susan is good at cooking.
- 3. She asks her to prepare some meat balls.

THEME 9 4. Because they have some surprises for them. 5. She shouldn't forget to bring the cupcakes and some CDs.



13. Listen or read the dialogue again and answer these questions.

- 1. Why can't George come to the party?
- 2. Who is good at cooking?
- 3. What does Donna ask Susan to do?
- 4. Why should Susan take children to the party?
- 5. What shouldn't Susan forget to do?

Speaking Time

14. Work in groups of three. Read the roles and make a telephone call changing roles. Use the clues on the next page and refer to part 12.

YOU:

Call your friend's home. His / Her mother answers the phone. Ask to speak to him / her and invite to your goodbye party on Sunday at 3 p.m. Say you've had a good chance to study abroad and talk about your future plans. You are going to live with your cousin there. You are planning to finish high school and university there. You are going to come back to Turkey only in summers.

You are going to talk, eat and watch a film at your party.

Your friend suggests having it at 5 p.m. Accept it and remind him/her to bring his / her camera.

MOTHER:

Answer the phone. It is for your son / daughter. Call your son / daughter to phone.

YOUR FRIEND:

Your friend calls you to invite his / her goodbye party. Ask why he / she is going to say goodbye.

Say you can't come because you have a wrestling / marbling / photography, etc. course at the time. You are going to make a presentation there. Request changing the time. Suggest having it at 5 p.m.

Say you are going to bring your camera.

INVITATIONS AND CELEBRATIONS



15. Answer: Do you think celebrations are necessary? Why? Why not?
15- Yes, they are. They make us feel precious.
16. Read the text and write the main idea in the box on the next page.

There are many important things in life. Each person should take time for learning, growing, loving and exploring. Everyone should take time for celebration because celebration makes our culture richer and adds excitement and fun to life.

Celebrations can happen for many formal and informal reasons. Probably most people have gone to celebrations in honor of someone's birthday, wedding or the birth of a new baby. Human beings love to celebrate best things in life. There is no need to have a very big occasion to celebrate. Celebrations of all kinds make life more meaningful because life for most of us is routine. A holiday or a birthday celebration changes our daily routine.

Family celebrations, such as holidays bring joyful family occasions for all. When families get together, they talk and increase their love for one another.

We love religious days and festivals. It is time to visit elderly people and show respect. Religious and national festivals teach younger generations a lot. They learn unity, friendship, helpfulness and being generous.

We relax during celebrations and celebrations make us remember the most important thing in life. That is spending time with the people we love.

If we have celebrations, we can keep our traditions alive.

<u>Everyone should take time for celebration because celebration makes our culture</u> richer and adds an excitement and fun to life.

17. Read the text again and underline the supporting ideas.

Writing Time



e.g.

When I graduate from high school, I'm going to work in a shop for one year and prepare for the university exam. I'm going to be an engineer.

Since my father is in army, I have always admired and respected him. He is my role model. One day, I will walk after him, on his path, to the battleground, to fight those who threatens to my native land. I will graduate from school in two years and I will join the hands of those patriots. I will sit for NDA examination and will surely pass out if I get upto that status. My family will be so proud of me. Especially, I will get to see those fatherly eyes that have sacrificed everything shining upon me. I will protect the people of my country and I will fight to death for them.

Idiom Time

"Party is over.": A period of happiness, enjoyment, freedom has come to an end.

e.g.

I had a wonderful time here, but the party's over and I must get back to work.

INVITATIONS AND CELEBRATIONS

Listening Time

19. Answer: Where do you do your grocery shopping? Are things expensive there? We do our grocery shopping in supermaket. They are quite cheap.

20. Listen to the dialogue and answer: Where does Mrs Rashid invite the shopkeeper Peter?

Mrs. Rashid invites the shopkeeper to iftar meal.





21. Which sentences/questions does a customer say/ask while shopping? Listen to the dialogue again and tick.

Can I help you?	
	1. A
I'm looking for	√
How much does it cost?	√
How much do you want?	
How many would you like?	
I'd like some	✓
How will you pay?	
Here you are.	
Here is your change.	
I'll pay in cash.	√
Do you have any ?	√
Can I have a kilo of grapes?	√

22- + : Can I get one bottle of milk? How much is it? - : It is £2. How are you going to pay? + : In cash. Here it is. - : Have a good day. + : Bye.

THEME 9

Speaking Time



22. Work in pairs. Make a dialogue between a shopkeeper and a customer. Refer to part 20 and use the clues.

Shopping List
2 loaves of bread
I bottle of milk
I packet of flour
l kilo of apples
3 kilos of oranges
6 bananas

Quote Time

1111	777		
Prices			
Bread;	97 p		
Milk	£2		
Flour	£2.		
Apples	37 p		
Oranges	55 p		
Bananas	£1,50		

How much is it? Will that be all? By credit card. /In cash. They are £2 altogether.

"If you want to celebrate a happy occasion, do it by helping those who are in need."

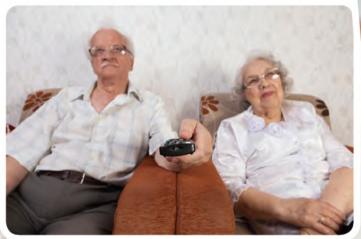
Mohith Agadi

Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

	600		694
	l haven't understood this yet.	l need some help to do this.	l understand and l can do this by myself.
Asking for and giving suggestions			∢
Doing shopping			√
Making requests			1
Talking about future plans			✓
Making and answering phone calls			√

THEME TEN TELEVISION AND SOCIAL MEDIA









TELEVISION AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Listening Time



3. Listen to the dialogue and write the main point of the discussion.

Watching TV has good points and bad points.







4. Listen again and write true (T) or false (F).

1. Mark thinks we won't use television in near future.	Т
2. He says nobody will watch TV.	F
3. He thinks the Internet TV will have more advantages.	Т
4. Susan says people don't know how to use the Internet.	F

5. Work in pairs. Talk about the good points and bad points of TV. Express your opinions, ask for opinions, agree or disagree with your friend. Use the clues.

I think TV is good because it is good media tool. I think TV is bad because it might effect our eye and mental health.

I think TV is good because ...

I think ... In my opinion, ... To me, ... I guess so. I don't think so. I'm not so sure about it. I think TV is bad because ...

I agree with you. I couldn't agree more. I don't agree. Absolutely! I would say the exact opposite. That's not always the case. No doubt about it. You have a point there.



What do you think? Do you have anything to say about this? What is your opinion? What is your idea?

TELEVISION AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Reading Time

6. Answer: How many friends have you got on social networking sites?



7. Read the text quickly and choose the best headline.

- a. How Does Social Media Affect Our Lives Badly?
- b. Adult Social Media Users
- c. Use Social Media Effectively Not Excessively



Use Social Media Effectively Not Excessively

Statistics show that nowadays, there are about two billion social media users in the world, most of them are teenagers and young adults, but is social media good or bad?

People use social media to interact and communicate with each other. They share information, ideas, pictures, videos and personal messages. Sometimes they get together to work on a project and learn from one another. In Blogs, you can read other people's articles, see their photographs, watch their videos and write your own opinions on a subject. Another type of social media is social networking sites. On these sites people can get in touch with friends, make new ones and join communities.

What do young users do on social media? The most popular one is this: They want to find out what friends are doing, send them messages and know what they are watching or listening to. This is for 16-24-year-olds.

Some people argue that if young people use it excessively, it creates addiction. It also destroys their real-life communication skills. Moreover, they can keep them away from their studies, affect their concentration because there are too many students using social media during class. Other disadvantages are wasting time, identity theft and crimes against children.

Now, where do you stand in all this? Are you a social media addict? Do you think social media is so important?



8. Read the text again and write the good and bad points of social media.

Good points Bad points Creating addiction Interacting and communicating Sharing information, pics., videso etc. Destroying real-life communication skills Reading other people's articles, seeing Keeping students away from their studies photos etc. Affecting concentration Getting in touch with friends and making Wasting time new friends.

Idiom Time

Get in touch: connect

e.g.

We want to hear from you. Get in touch by emailing.

TELEVISION AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Writing Time



9. Choose a topic, write your ideas about it and post it on social media.

e.g. I think there is no point in sharing photos on social media. People post pictures of their travels just to show off. They should be private. There are some other risks, too. A simple photo can give sensitive information to thieves, etc.

I think we need to protect animals. Everyone can put a water cup and milk in front of their doors. We can keep them warm and stuffed.

Listening Time

10. Answer: Would you like to be on TV? Why / Why not? 10. No, I wouldn't because I am so shy.

11. Listen to a TV broadcast and choose the main idea.

a. The band One Direction will be in Istanbul for a concert.

b. One Direction will come to İstanbul to raise money for a charity.

c. One Direction will be the guest judges of a singing competition.





12. What will One Direction do in İstanbul? Listen again and put the events in order.

- (1) The band One Direction will appear in a TV music programme.
- (3) They will have a Bosphorous boat tour.
- (5) They will give a live concert in the open air theatre.
- (2) They will attend a reception at a hotel.
- (4) They will be the guest judges in a singing competition.

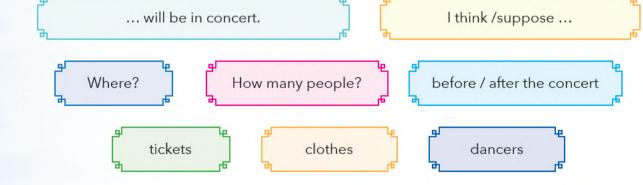
Speaking Time



13. Imagine you are an organiser / TV producer, etc. Talk about a future concert / TV programme, etc. Tell the events and details. Use "will" and the clues.

e.g. The concert will be in the biggest sports hall in the city.

The concert will be in the stadium. Before the concert, dancers will perform their show. Tickets will be available in front of the stadium.



Pronunciation Time



14. Listen and repeat the words with / ð/ sound in part A. Then, listen to the words in part B and circle the words you hear.

e.g. They / ðei /

Day / dei/

Part A									
they	this	these	mother	father	brother	weather	the	that	their

TELEVISION AND SOCIAL MEDIA

	Part B					
	those	dose	they	day	there	dare
	though	dough	breathe	breed	loathe	load
ead	ing Tim	е				
		r: Are there any Survivor is one of		n TV in your cou	untry? Give th	neir names
2	-	Read the dialog		e blanks with th	ese statemer	nts.
L		toud the didiog				
lo do	ubt about it.	Well, umm	I mean	Absolutely.	If I might add	d something
		Caler and a		"alor and		· · · · ·
					-	
arlos	: Why do ye	ou think millions	s of people wate	ch reality shows	?	
		e seeing everythi	•			
-		people don't act		-		
		be of TV show.	-	programmes a	re very popu	ular and w
	-	hing from these				
		t add something				
		le in our count				ay to make
-		sometimes peo				
Maria	No doub	t about it				
			They sometin	nes cry, use bad	language, ge	taggressiv
	ven fight. Ar		They sometin	nes cry, use bad	language, ge	taggressiv
and e	ven fight. Ai					
ind ev Carlos	ven fight. Aı <mark>:: S</mark> orry to ir	nd				
and ev Carlos hows	ven fight. Aı :: Sorry to ir ?	nd				
and ev Carlos shows Maria	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir ? Never in a	nd nterrupt you, bu	t l have a ques	tion. Would you	i join one of t	hese realit
ind ev Carlos hows Maria Carlos	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir ? Never in a Why not?	nd nterrupt you, bu million years!	t I have a quest an be famous in	tion. Would you n a short time ai	i join one of t nd get money	chese realit y.
and ev Carlos hows Maria Carlos Maria	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir Never in a Why not?	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c	it I have a quest an be famous in a bad way of be	tion. Would you n a short time ar eing famous. So	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati	hese realit y. ions are no
nd e ^v Carlos hows Aaria Carlos Aaria eal. V	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a	at I have a quest an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo	tion. Would you n a short time at eing famous. So ple react strong	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir	these realit y. ions are no nto it.
nd e Carlos hows Maria Carlos Aaria eal. V Carlos	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n	t I have a quest an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows	tion. Would you n a short time an eing famous. So ple react strong how people re	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir	these realit y. ions are no nto it.
nd ev Carlos hows Aaria Carlos Aaria eal. V Carlos I mea	ven fight. An Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap You have	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n a point there. I	an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows	tion. Would you n a short time an eing famous. So ple react strong how people re	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir	these realit y. ions are no nto it.
nd e Carlos hows Aaria Carlos Carlos L mea Maria	ven fight. An Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap You have Do you me	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n a point there. I extra	at I have a quest an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows aordinary situations are not real?	tion. Would you n a short time at eing famous. So ple react strong how people re ions.	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir	these realit y. ions are no nto it.
nd e Carlos hows Aaria Carlos Larlos Larlos Carlos	ven fight. An Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap You have No you me Mu	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n a point there. I extra ean that situation	an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows aordinary situations are not real? , they are like	tion. Would you n a short time at eing famous. So ple react strong how people re ions.	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir	these realit y. ions are no nto it.
Ind e Carlos hows Maria Carlos Larlos Larlos Maria Carlos Maria	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap You have Do you me Mell, umr So , they a	nd mterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n a point there. I extra ean that situation m	an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows aordinary situati ns are not real? , they are like ows.	tion. Would you n a short time at eing famous. So ple react strong how people re ions.	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir	these realit y. ions are no nto it.
Ind e Carlos hows Aaria Carlos Larlos Larlos Aaria Carlos	ven fight. Ar Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap Do you me Mell, umr Mell, umr So , they a Messolut	nd nterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n a point there. I extra ean that situation n re not reality sho ely	an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows aordinary situati ns are not real? , they are like ows. !	tion. Would you n a short time an eing famous. So ple react strong how people re ions. real.	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir eact in difficul	these realit y. ions are no nto it. It situations
Ind e Carlos Aaria Carlos Aaria Carlos Laria Carlos Aaria	ven fight. An Sorry to ir Never in a Why not? No, thank Vell, perhap You have Do you me Mell, umr So , they a Messolut	nd mterrupt you, bu million years! You know you c you. First, it is a s real, but not n a point there. I extra ean that situation m re not reality sho	an be famous in a bad way of be atural. And peo think it shows aordinary situati ns are not real? , they are like ows. ! aste of time thar	tion. Would you n a short time an eing famous. So ple react strong how people re ions. real.	i join one of t nd get money econd, situati gly. I am not ir eact in difficul	these realit y. ions are no nto it. It situations

Carlos: Anyway, let's talk about educative programmes.





17. Read again and write true (T) or false (F).

1. Reality shows are very popular.	Т
2. We can learn about the lives of different people in reality shows.	Т
3. People behave naturally in reality shows.	F
4. Maria thinks it is good to watch people in reality shows.	F
5. Maria wouldn't like to take part in a reality show.	T

TELEVISION AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Speaking Time

18. Work in groups and act out a dialogue about reality shows / news programmes / social media, etc. Express your ideas, agree or disagree.
 Use the clues below A: To me, reality shows are very unnecessary.
 B: I agree with you because you can watch other things instead of them. For instance you can watch documentaries to be

informed. / I disagree. I think they are pretty fun and enjoyable. I agree with you.

Well, ... So, Anyway, ..like ... Let me think, You know ... Umm...

I mean ...

To me, reality shows are very ...



I don't agree with you.

I'd say the exact opposite.





What do you think?

l don't think so. I'm not so sure about it.

> Can I add something here? If I might add something... Sorry to interrupt that.

> > 127

Writing Time



19. What do you think about the future of television? Write your opinions.

e.g. I think we won't watch TV in the future because we'll all have smart phones and learn everything from them.

I think we will watch TV from our smartwatches, tablets or hologram devices in the future because technology is developing day by day.

Quote Time

It takes discipline not to let social media steal your time."

Alexis Ohanian

Self Assessment

Read and tick (✔) the right column.

		e	694
	l haven't understood this yet.	l need some help to do this.	l understand and l can do this by myself.
Making predictions about the future			<
Asking for and giving opinion (agreement, disagreement, etc)			✓
Interrupting someone in a conversation			√
Gaining time in a conversation			✓

Word List

THEME 1

ahead belongings information possessions

THEME 2

cellar coin facility fairly fountain go ahead indoor mayor

neat neighbouring overlook pedestrian

powerful shopping treat unfortunately

THEME 3

- blockbuster chronicle curse evil exotic
- fantasy magical marbling mood mystery
- plot premiere promise recap scenario
- sight stolen tile treasure wizard

THEME 4

- avalanche bare channel cuddle cure destroy diagnosis disability
- disaster droppings droughts equality fair heal hurricane individual
- infectious landslide magnitude mosquitoes property repellents scenery shelter
- spine suffer torch trekking trigger victim wisely

aggressive ambassador arrogant awareness celebrity emotional foundation generous good-looking inspirational

inspire modest patriotic philanthropist sociable stingy straight unique wavy

THEME 6

absolutely	gorgeous	purpose
boarding	hospitable	sculpture
bowl	identification	snacks
cancel	immigrant	snail
delayed	magnificient	unattended
dessert	pastry	
disgusting	priceless	
elegant	proceed	

THEME 7

3 dimensional	exist
achievement	heritage
artifact	ladder
convention	nominate
eagle	ornament
excavate	sacred

statues temple treasure wheel

THEME 8				
faint	crumble	medication		
bleed	trap	awake		
abdominal	collapse	consciousness		
diarrhea	flatten	seek		
compress	maternity	dizzy		



TH	ΙE	M	E	10

absolutely affect interact communicate audience excessively anyway identity

raise (money) interrupt refugees show off sitcom soap opera



V1	V2	V3
Base Form	Past Simple	Past Participle
awake	awoke	awoken
be	was, were	been
beat	beat	beaten
become	became	become
begin	began	begun
bend	bent	bent
bet	bet	bet
bid	bid	bid
bite	bit	bitten
blow	blew	blown
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
broadcast	broadcast	broadcast
build	built	built
burn	burned or burnt	burned or burnt
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
cost	cost	cost
cut	cut	cut
dig	dug	dug
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
dream	dreamed or dreamt	dreamed or dreamt
drive	drove	driven
drink	drank	drunk
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen

feel	felt	felt
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
forget	forgot	forgotten
forgive	forgave	forgiven
freeze	froze	frozen
get	got	got (sometimes gotten)
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
grow	grew	grown
hang	hung	hung
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hide	hid	hidden
hit	hit	hit
hold	held	held
hurt	hurt	hurt
keep	kept	kept
know	knew	known
lay	laid	laid
lead	led	led
learn	learned or learnt	learned or learnt
leave	left	left
lend	lent	lent
let	let	let
lie	lay	lain
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
mean	meant	meant
meet	met	met
рау	paid	paid
put	put	put
read	read	read

ride	rode	ridden
ring	rang	rung
rise	rose	risen
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
show	showed	showed or shown
shut	shut	shut
sing	sang	sung
sink	sank	sunk
sit	sat	sat
sleep	slept	slept
speak	spoke	spoken
spend	spent	spent
stand	stood	stood
stink	stank	stunk
swim	swam	swum
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tear	tore	torn
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
understand	understood	understood
wake	woke	woken
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Aston, Paul., Edmondson, Elisabeth. (1989), *English Now*. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 2. Bygrave, Jonathan. (2007), Total English. Harlow (United Kingdom): Pearson Longman
- 3. Elsworth, Steve., Rose, Jim (2004), Energy. London: Pearson Longman
- 4. Evans, Virginia. (1998), Round Up. United Kingdom: Express Publishing
- 5. Haugnes, Natasha., Maher, Beth. (2004), North Star. London: Pearson Longman
- 6. Harmer, Jeremy., Acevedo, Ana. Lethaby, Carol. (2006), *Just Right.* United Kingdom: Marchall Cavendish Education
- 7. Hutchinson, Tom. (1992), Hotline. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 8. Nolasco, Rob., Hardy-Gould, Janet. (1999), *New Streetwise*. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 9. Oxenden, Clive., Latham-Koenig,, Cristina. Seligson, Paul., Hudson, Jane. (2008), *New English File*. Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 10. Puchta, Herbert., Stranks, Jeff., Carter, Richard., Lewis-Jones, Peter. (2005), *English in Mind*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- 11. Rees, Gareth. (2008), Language Leader. China: Pearson Longman
- 12. TTKB. (2018), T.C. Millî Eğitim Bakanlığı Ortaöğretim İngilizce Dersi (9, 10, 11 ve 12. Sınıflar) Öğretim Programı. Ankara: Talim Terbiye Kurulu Başkanlığı
- 13. Wilson, Ken., Healy, Thomas., Boyle, Mike. (2007), *Smart Choice*. Oxford: Oxford University Press

BIBLIOGRAPHY (WEBSITES)

http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/1519 16.01.2018

https://ajansspor.com/amp/haber/altinordudan-nuri-sahine-davet-192348 30.06.2018

http://ajansspor.com/haber/nuri-sahin-neven-subotic-vakfindaki-deneyimlerini-

anlatti-251417#3 30.06.208

http://www.bbc.com/news/world-us-canada-41083210 22.01.2018

http://www.lycianturkey.com/lycian_sites/xanthos.htm 01.02.2018

http://www.reginacarey.com/wp/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/grass.jpg 01.02.2018 http://www.turkeysforlife.com/list-world-heritage-sites-turkey-unesco.html 03.02.2018 https://www.ancient.eu/Great_Pyramid_of_Giza/ 11.02.2018

VISUAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

http://p0.ipstatp.com/large/005a24e4167c80a544a8 18.01.2018 (Page 50) http://www.divrigiulucamii.com/resim/3.jpg 24.01.2018 (Page 67) http://www.istanbul.com/Files/avrasya-maratonu.jpg 27.01.2018 (Page 66) https://img.gecce.com.tr/2018/01/12/hd-cenk-tosu-191620HW.jpg 06.02.2018 (Page 59) https://turkcetarih.com/wp-content/uploads/gdrive/azizsancar-jpeg.jpeg 11.02.2018 (Page 58) https://www.chapterfifty.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/05/chapter-fifty-wim-hof-methodice-bath5.jpg 15.02.2018 (Page 51) https://www.theguardian.com/world/2017/sep/19/mexico-city-earthquakeanniversary-1985 22.02.2018 (Page 54)

The pictures on rest of the pages were bought from the site "www.shutterstock.com" between the dates 15.12.2017 and 31.10.2018.